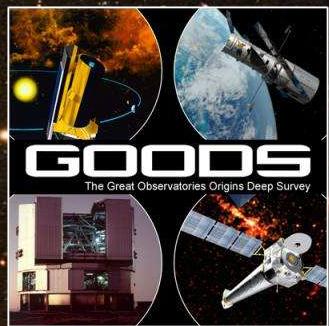


Spectroscopic observations of LBGs/Emitters in the GOODS-S field



Eros Vanzella - INAF-OATS
ITALY

Collaboration ([INAF-OAT](#), [ESO](#), [ST-ECF](#), [STScI](#), [NOAO](#), [INAF-AOPd](#), [JPL](#), [Geneva Obs.](#), [Rome Obs.](#)):

- S. Cristiani, M. Nonino, M. Dickinson, A. Renzini, M. Giavalisco, C. Cesarsky, R.A.E. Fosbury, P. Rosati, H. Kuntscher, J. Haase, P. Popesso, H. C. Ferguson, D. Stern and the GOODS team.
- D. Schaerer, M. Hayes, A. Verhamme
- A. Grazian, L. Pentericci

Basic information of the VLT/FORS2 survey (GOODS-S)

(Vanzella et al. 2005, 2006, 2008):

Available here: <http://www.eso.org/science/goods/>

P.I. : C. Cesarsky

Spectroscopy :

- 180 hours (Oct. 2002 - Oct. 2006)
- 300I grism: ~ 6000 to 10000 \AA ($R = 660$)
- 37 MXU masks: (4-8 hours each) $\sim \underline{\text{1000 redshifts}}$

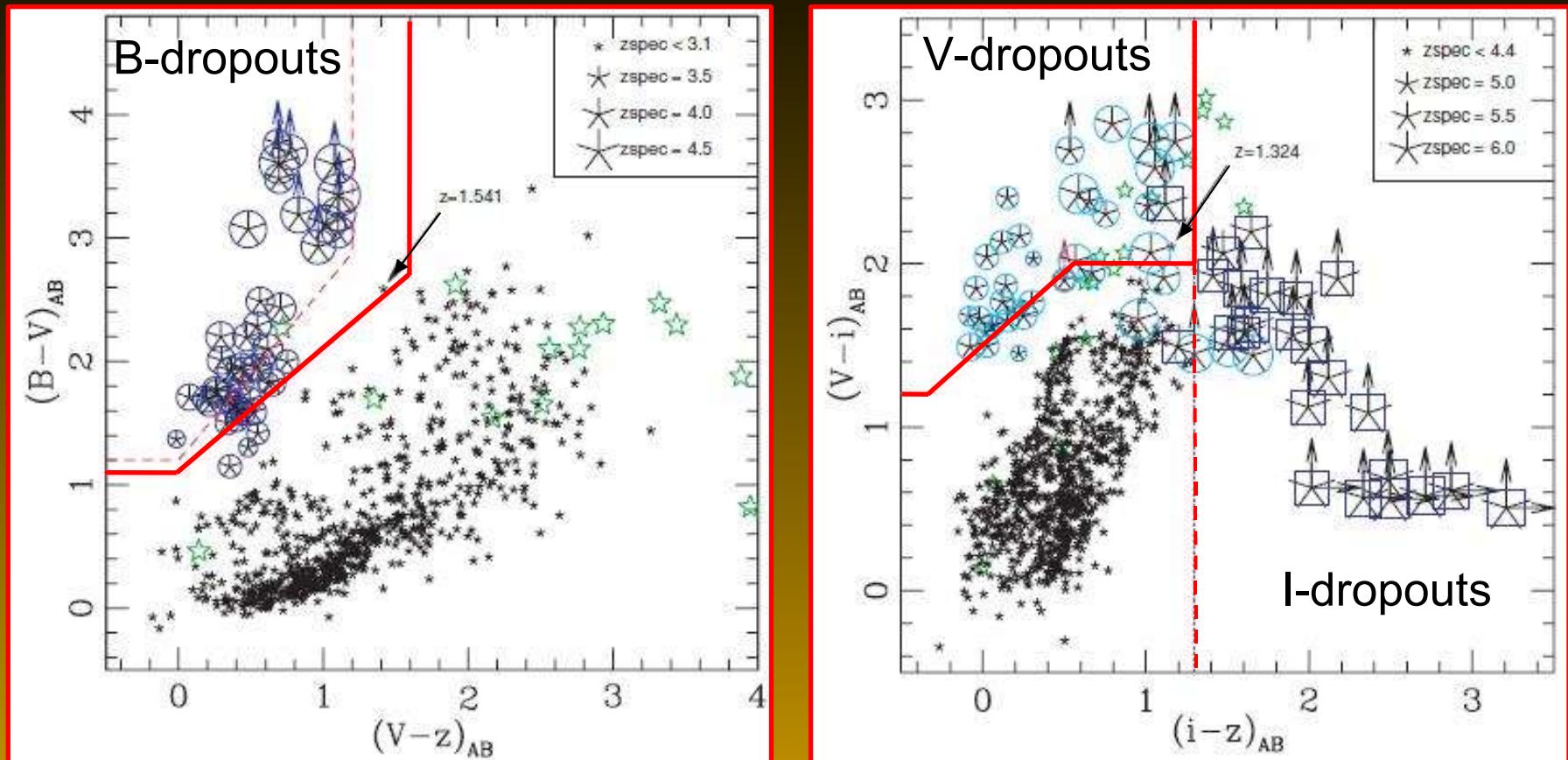
Target selection:

- mainly $1 < z < 2$ and $3.3 < z < 6.5$ (to exploit the high instrumental efficiency in the red, down to 10000 \AA)

Mask ID	Date	exp.time (s)
<i>RUN1 (V05)</i>		
990247	Dec. 2002–Jan. 2003	12×1200
984829	Dec. 2002–Jan. 2003	12×1200
985831	Jan.–Feb. 2003	$15 \times 1200 + 663$
973934	Jan. 2003	12×1200
952426	Jan. 2003	12×1200
981451	Jan.–Dec. 2003	24×1200
995131	Oct. 2002	8×1800
994852	Oct. 2002	8×1800
990652	Dec.–Nov. 2002	$14 \times 1200 + 300 + 900$
<i>RUN2 (V06)</i>		
914250	Aug. 2003	17×1200
905513	Sept. 2003	18×1200
943018	Sept. 2003	12×1200
924345	Sept. 2003	12×1200
945143	Sept.–Oct. 2003	$12 \times 1200 + 3 \times 1000$
992438	Oct.–Dec. 2003	12×1200
985931	Nov. 2003	$12 \times 1200 + 2 \times 120$
990204	Dec. 2003	12×1200
904509	Dec. 2003	12×1200
991435	Dec. 2003	12×1200
935030	Dec. 2003	12×1200
951937	Dec. 2003	$12 \times 1200 + 1100 + 500$
960930	Dec. 2003	12×1200
961839	Jan. 2004	12×1200
932802	Jan. 2004	12×1200
993304	Jan. 2004	12×1200
951526	Feb. 2004	3×1200
<i>RUN3</i>		
912940	Dec. 2004	18×1200
925109	Dec. 2004	16×1200
932249	Dec. 2004	18×1200
940129	Dec. 2004	17×1200
943544	Dec. 2004	15×1200
965910	Dec. 2004	18×1200
<i>RUN4</i>		
952801	Nov.–Dec. 2005	$15 \times 900 + 4 \times 870$
952942	Oct.–Nov. 2005	$15 \times 900 + 2 \times 870$
953015	Nov. 2005	$18 \times 900 + 2 \times 870$
953048	Dec. 2005–Jan. 2006	$33 \times 900 + 2 \times 870$
953132	Feb.–Aug. 2006	$17 \times 900 + 4 \times 870 + 370$
953159	Jul.–Oct. 2006	$18 \times 900 + 2 \times 870 + 436$

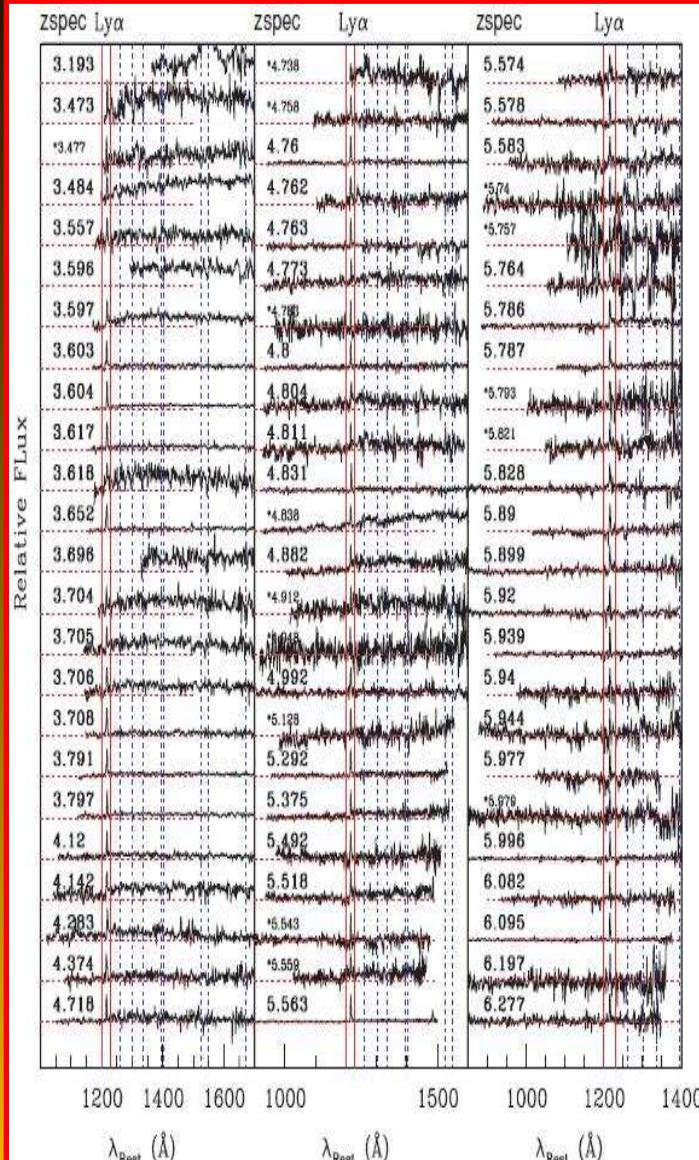
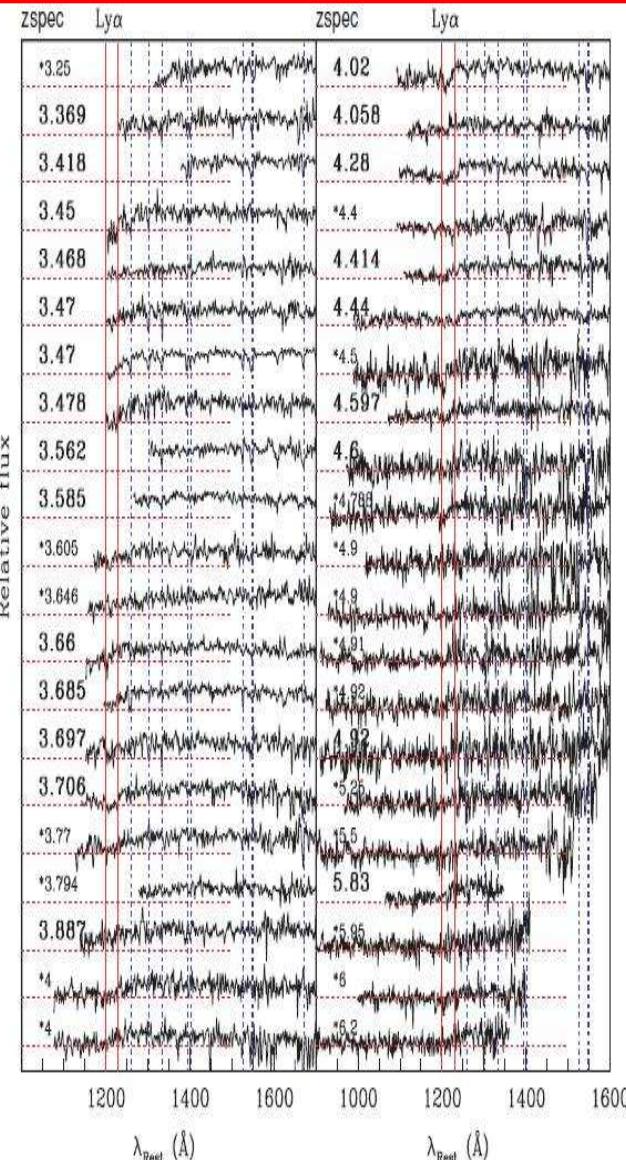
Color selection of galaxies at redshift 4, 5 and 6

(Giavalisco et al. 2004, Dickinson et al. 2004, Vanzella et al. 2009, V09):

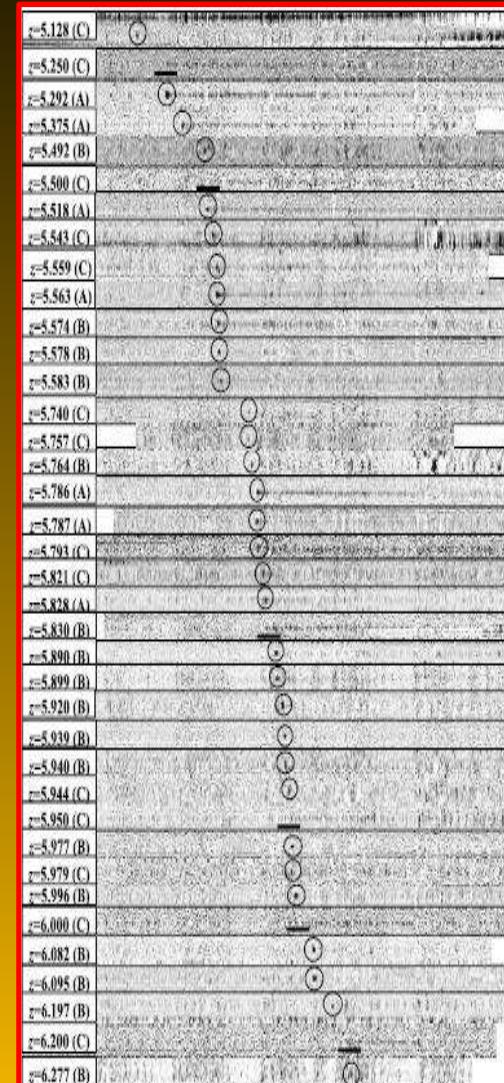


- 109 out of 202 selected targets have measured redshift (54% $z_{\text{spec}} > 2.6$ - $z < 3.6$ critical).
- 96%, 89% and 82% of B,V and I-drops have redshift in the expected range.
- 12 low-z interlopers: 10 stars and two $z < 2$ gal.
- 5 high-z serend. discovered.

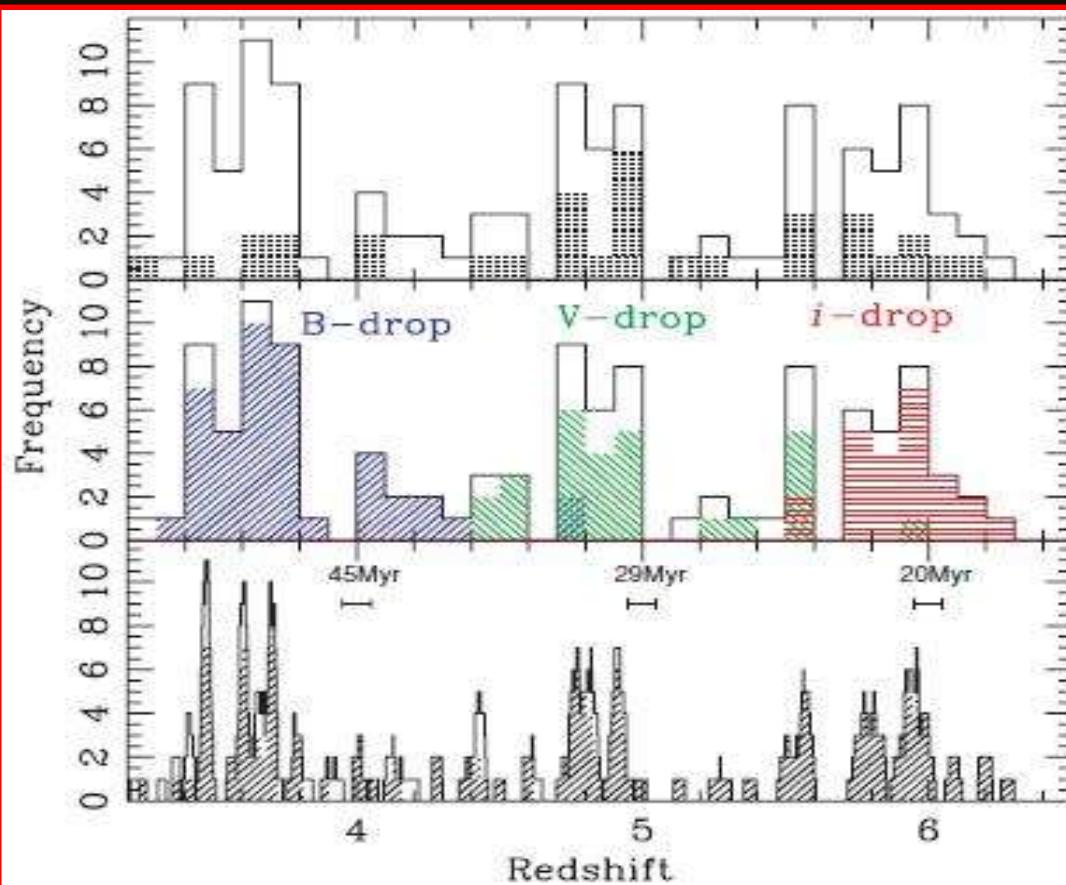
Panoramic view of all spectra with and without Ly α in emission (V09)



38 @ z>5



Redshift distribution $3.3 < z < 6.5$ (V09):



Fraction of Confirmed Dropout Candidates, "Nobs." Indicates the Number of Candidates Observed

Classes	Nobs.	High-z $N_{(A,B,C)}^{(em,abs,comp)}$	Low-z $N_{(A,B,C)}^{(em,abs,comp)}$	Measured ^a $(z) \pm \sigma$	Expected ^{a,b} $(z) \pm \sigma$	Compl. ^a $Z_{AB} < 26.5$
B435-drop	85	46 _(27,11,8) ^(15,21,10)	2 _(0,2,0) ^(1,1,0)	3.76 ± 0.33	3.78 ± 0.34	5%
V606-drop	52	32 _(19,13,0) ^(19,12,11)	4 _(2,2,0) ^(0,4,0)	4.96 ± 0.38	4.92 ± 0.33	14%
i775-drop	65	28 _(13,13,12) ^(24,4,0)	6 _(0,2,4) ^(0,6,0)	5.90 ± 0.18	5.74 ± 0.36	29%
Fillers	...	3 _(1,2,0) ^(1,1,1)	...	$3.4 < z < 5.5$
Serend.	...	5 _(0,1,4) ^(4,1,0)	...	$3.2 < z < 5.8$
Sum	202	114	12			

Malhotra et al. 2005, $z \sim 5.9 \pm 0.2$

Bdrop:

$$\langle z_{850} \rangle = 24.7 \pm 0.4$$

Overdensity @ $z=3.7$, Kang & Im (2009)

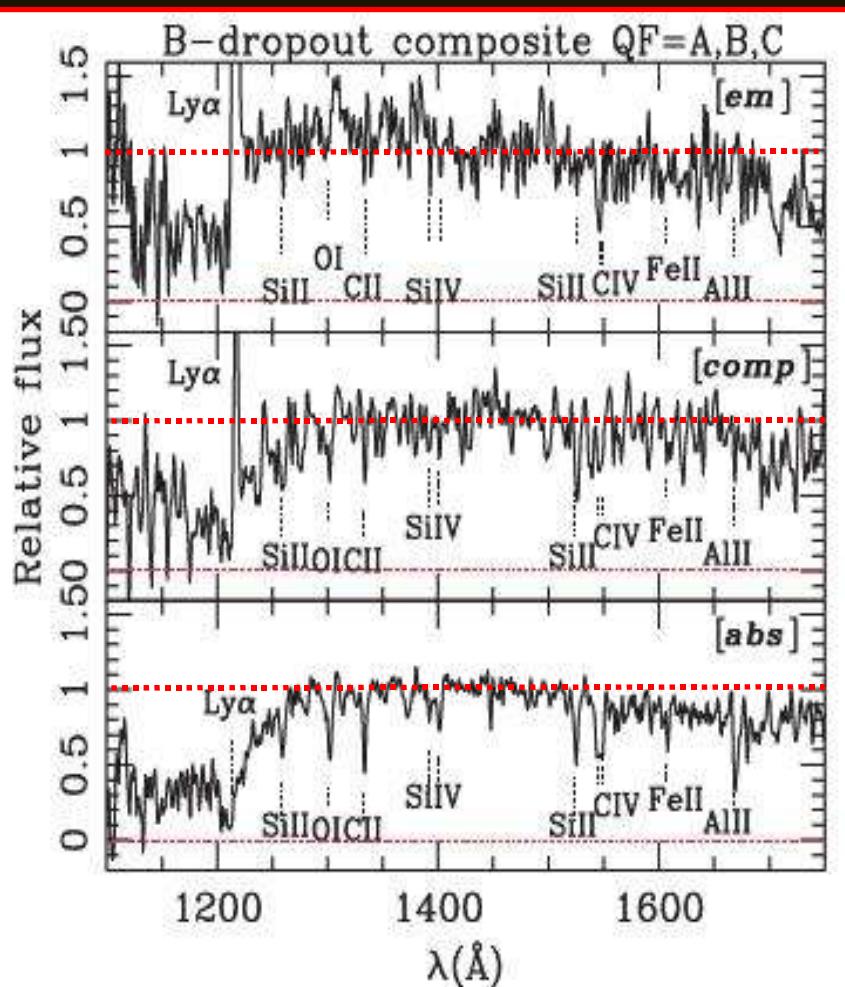
Vdrop:

$$\langle z_{850} \rangle = 25.5 \pm 0.5$$

Idrop :

$$\langle z_{850} \rangle = 26.2 \pm 0.6$$

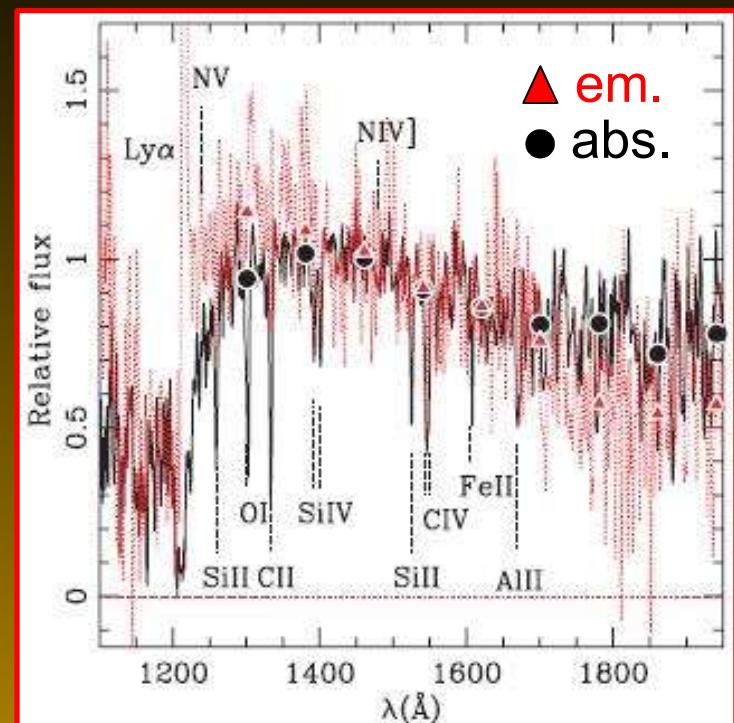
Bdrop stacked spectra $\langle z \rangle = 3.76 \pm 0.33$ - 54% show Ly α em.



$\text{EW}(\text{Ly}\alpha) \sim 30\text{\AA}$

$\text{EW}(\text{Ly}\alpha) \sim 10\text{\AA}$

No Ly α em.



EM.

ABS.

β	-2.0 ± 0.1	-1.7 ± 0.1
Age	$200 \pm 50 \text{ Myr}$	$410 \pm 70 \text{ Myr}$
$E(B-V)$	0.07 ± 0.01	0.10 ± 0.02
Mass (stellar)	$5 \pm 1 \times 10^9 M_\odot$	$2.3 \pm 0.8 \times 10^{10} M_\odot$

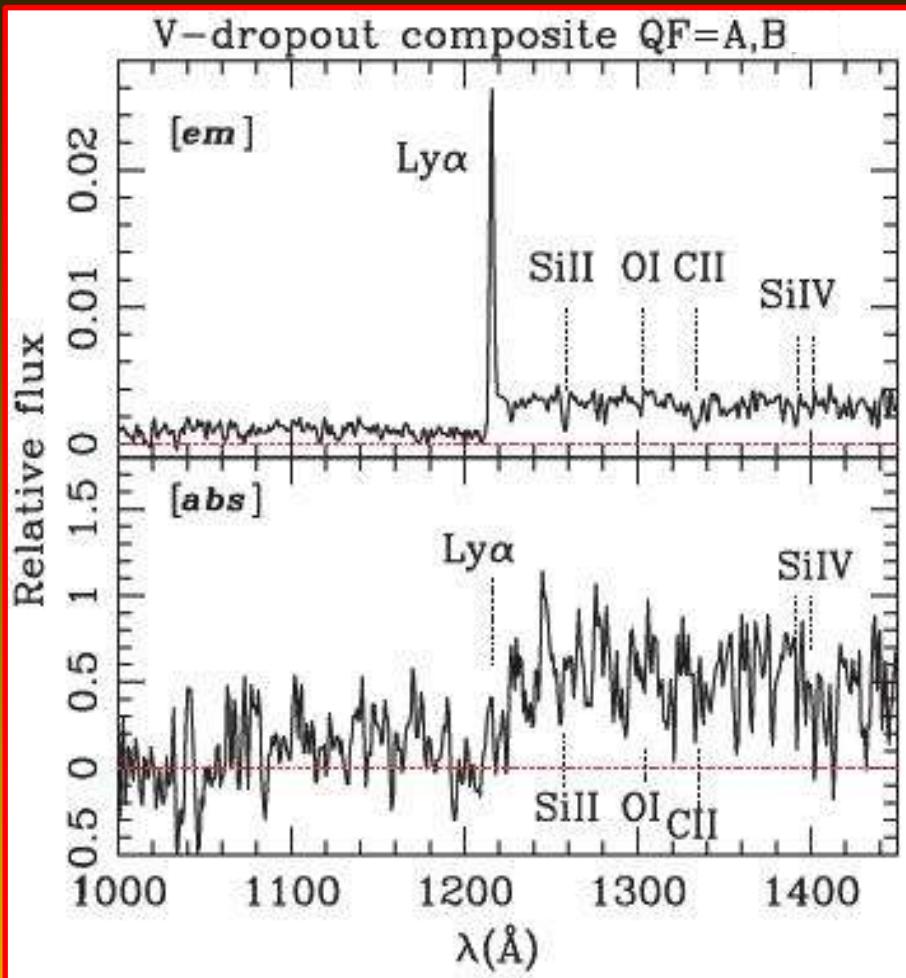
Pentericci (2007)

Interstellar abs. lines increase at faint Ly α emission
Similar to redshift 3 LBGs, e.g. Shapley et al. '03

Vdrop stacked spectra

$\langle z \rangle = 4.96 \pm 0.38$

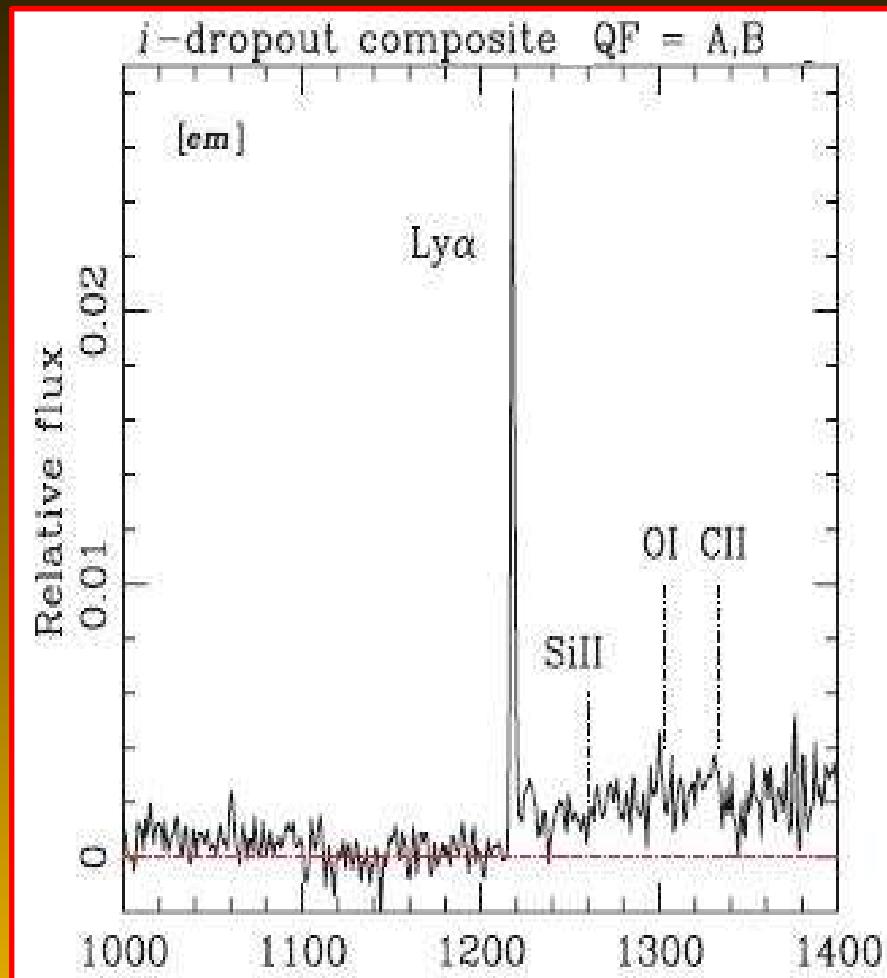
59% show Ly α em.



Idrop stacked spectrum

$\langle z \rangle = 5.90 \pm 0.18$

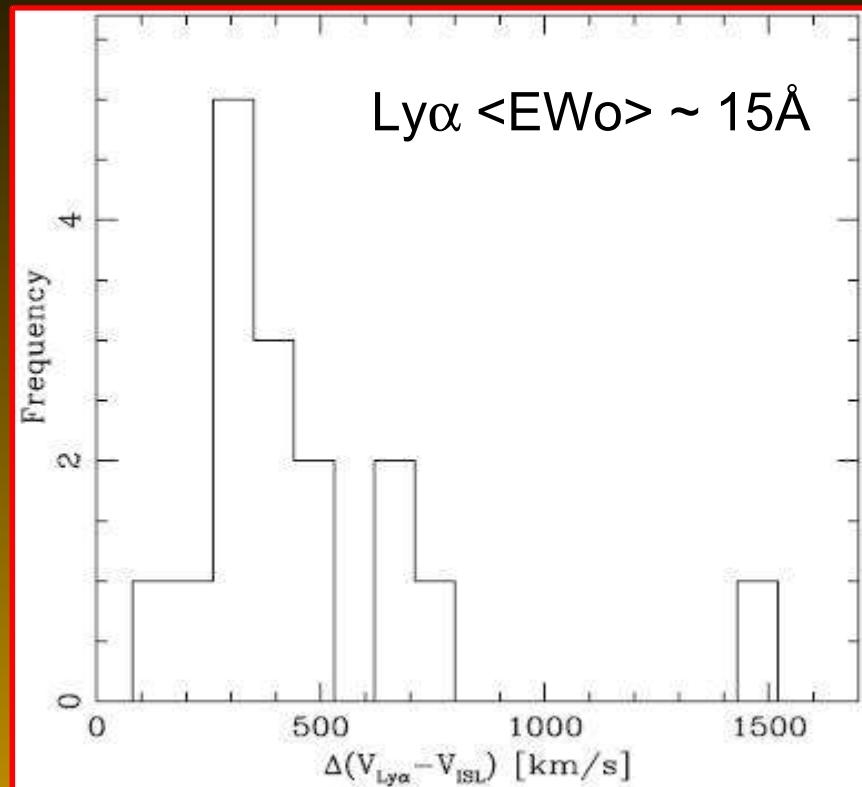
86% show Ly α em. (caution sel. eff.)



Low quality spectra (QF="C") have not been considered

Outflows at redshift 4 and 5 (v09)

Bdropout sample ($z \sim 3.8$)



Vdropout sample ($z \sim 4.9$)

→ $\langle V_{\text{Ly}\alpha} - V_{\text{ISL}} \rangle \sim 450 \text{ km/s}$
from stacked spectrum

8 gal. with $z > 5$ and continuum
detected ($z \sim 5.6$)

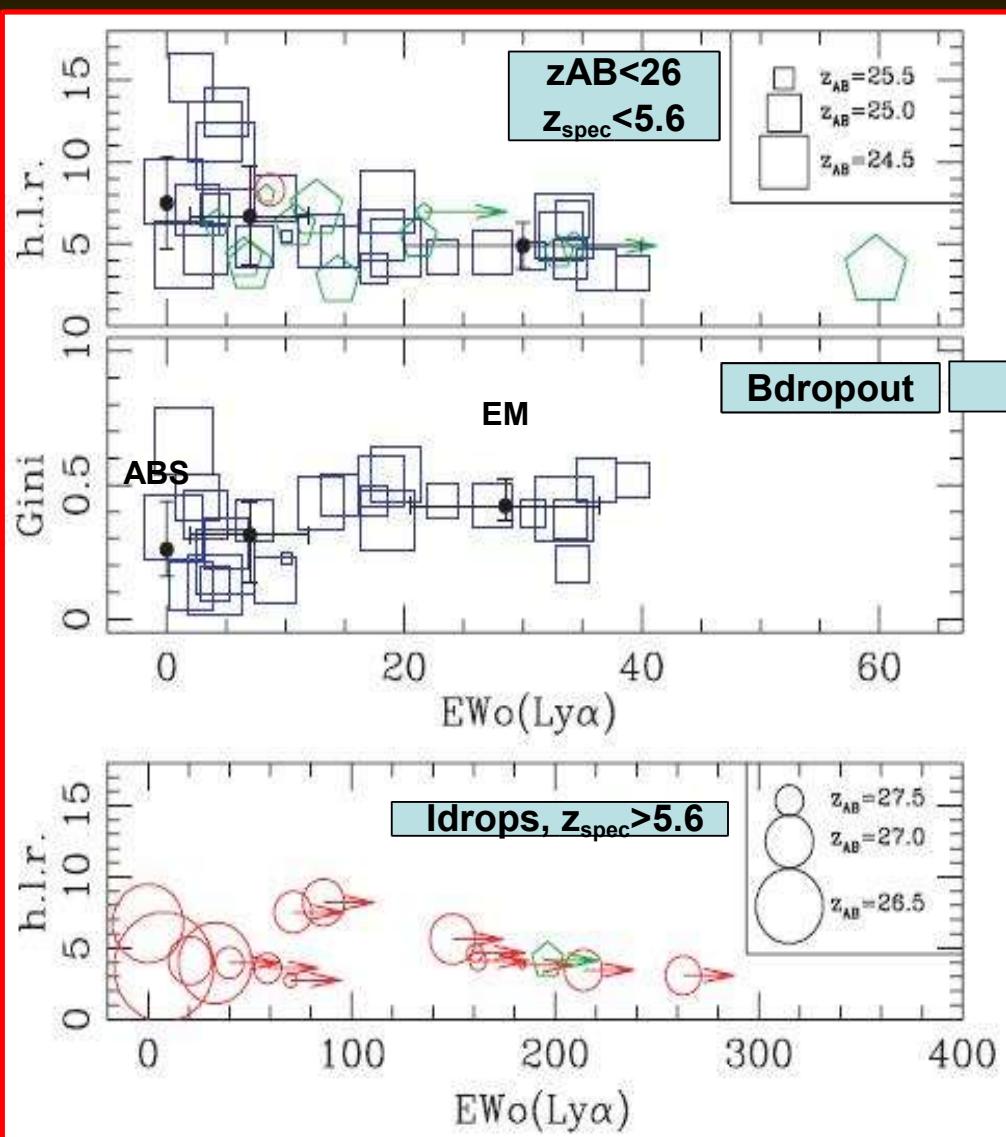
→ $\langle V_{\text{Ly}\alpha} - V_{\text{ISL}} \rangle \sim 500 \text{ km/s}$
from stacked spectrum
(6 Vdrops and 2 Idrops)

$$\langle V_{\text{Ly}\alpha} - V_{\text{ISL}} \rangle_{\text{median}} = 370^{+270}_{-116} \text{ km/s (16 gal.)}$$

mean is 450 ± 180 km/s (16 gal.), from stacked 480 km/s

$\langle V_{\text{ISL}} - V_{\text{neb}} \rangle \sim -165 \pm 170 \text{ km/s (10 gal.)}$ (comparable to Adelberger et al. 04)
[OII], [OIII] lines from AMAZE Maiolino et al. (2008)

Ultraviolet morphology (z₈₅₀ band) (V09)



Bdropout sample ($z \sim 3.8$)

	EM. ($\langle z \rangle = 3.757$)	ABS. ($\langle z \rangle = 3.735$)
<i>a</i>	4.54 ± 1.03	6.51 ± 2.18
h.l.r.	(1.1 kpc) 5.38 ± 1.65	(1.6 kpc) 7.49 ± 2.85
Area	305 ± 117	438 ± 172
FWHM	10.38 ± 4.06	20.01 ± 11.97
Gini	$0.41^{+0.11}_{-0.06}$	$0.26^{+0.18}_{-0.10}$

Similarly to lower-z gal. ($z \sim 2-3$)

$z \sim 5.95$

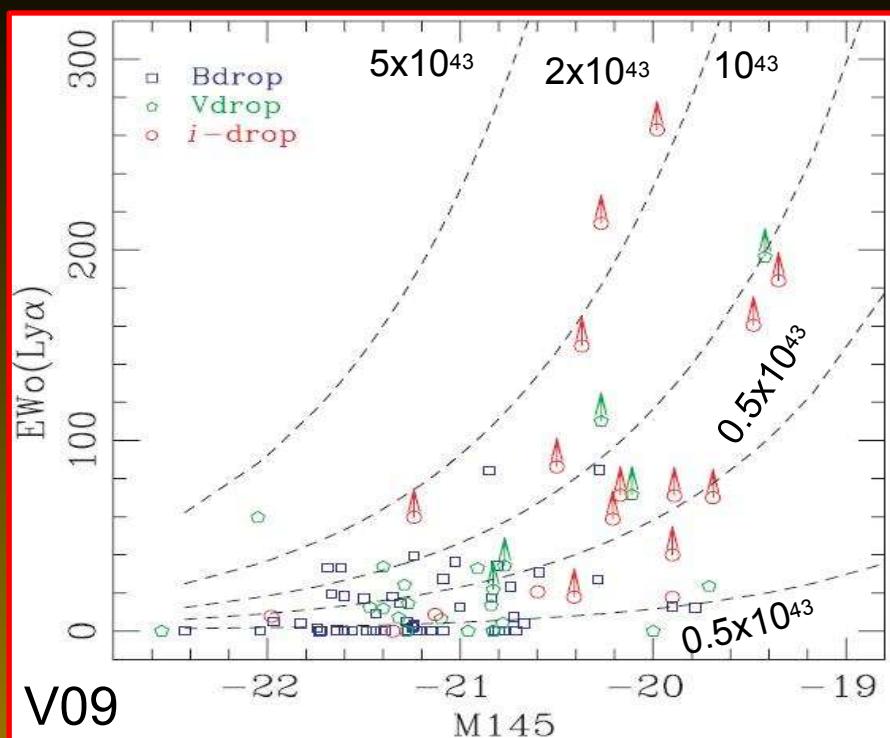
Law et al. (2007)

$$\langle h.l.r. \rangle_{\text{med}} = 0.12^{+0.05}_{-0.02} \text{ arcsec (0.7 kpc)}$$

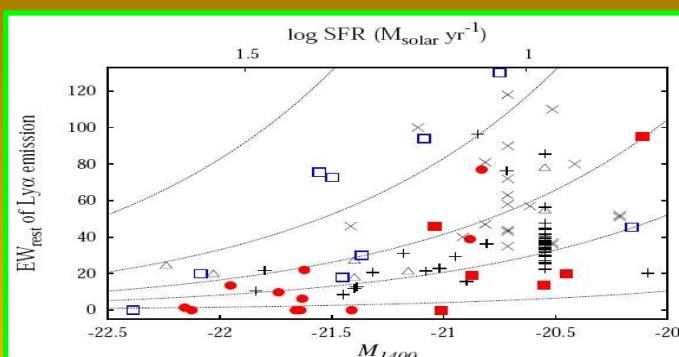
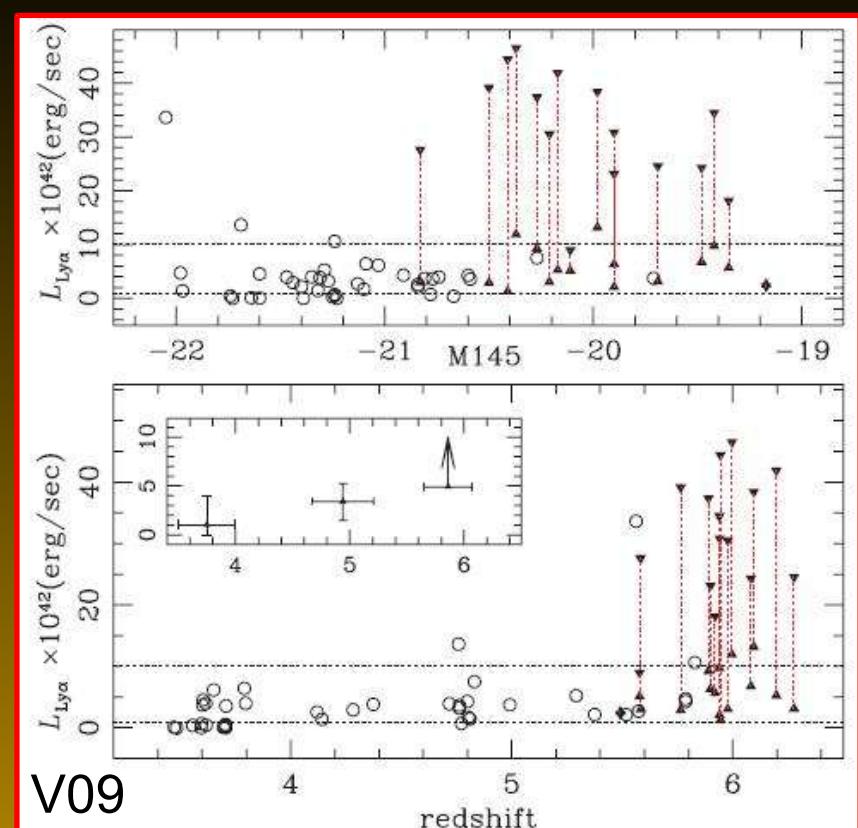
$$\langle h.l.r. \rangle_{\text{stars}} = 0.08^{+0.04}_{-0.04} \text{ arcsec}$$

Similar to LAEs (e.g Taniguchi et al. 2009, Dow-Hygelund et al. 07)

Deficiency of large Ly α EW em. in UV luminous sources (V09)



More luminous, more massive
(e.g. Stark et al. 09, Pentericci et al. 09)



Ando et al. 06, 07

Conclusions

● B drops (z~4).

- Spec. features: “em.” have weaker interstellar abs lines than “abs”, different β (similar to z~3, e.g. *Shapley et al. 2003, Law et al. 2007*).
- UV Morph: apparent correlation between Ly α EW and size (h.l.r./nucleation), more nucleated than abs (Gini) (similar to z~2,3 *Law et al. '07*). Dust effect ?
- Outflows: velocity offset is detected in individual spectra, $\langle V_{\text{Lya}} - V_{\text{ISL}} \rangle_{\text{median}} = 370^{+270}_{-116} \text{ km/s}$ Ly α , ISL, nebular emission (comparable to lower-z gal, *Shapley 03, Adelberger 04*).

$\sim 1.6 \text{ Gyr}$

Age of the Universe

● V drops (z~5).

- Outflows: outflow estimation from composite spectrum $\langle V_{\text{Lya}} - V_{\text{ISL}} \rangle \sim 450 \text{ km/s}$, and 500 km/s at z~5.6.
- UV Morph: Also in this case it appears to be a correlation between h.l.r. and Ly α EW.



$\sim 0.9 \text{ Gyr}$

● I drops (z~6).

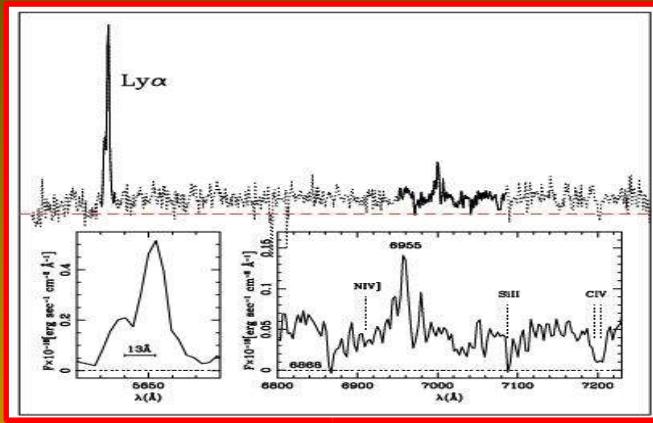
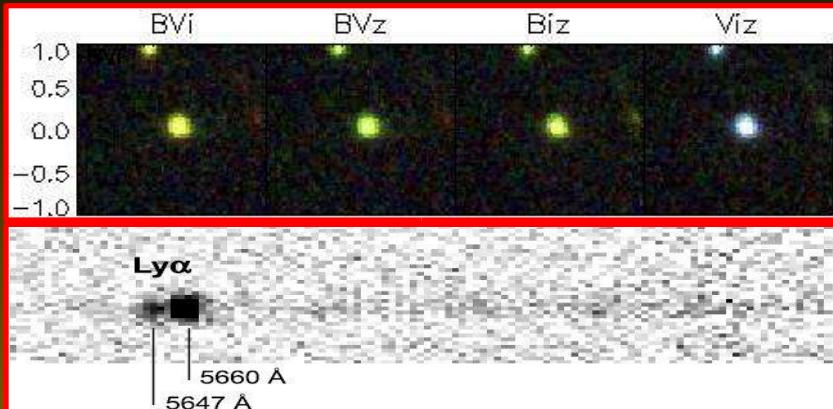
- Sel. effect: Large spread in Ly α EWs => selection effects: spec. & phot \rightarrow broad band single color selection tend to identify emitters at fainter limits ($z_{\text{AB}} > 26$).
- UV morph: $\langle R_{\text{h.l.r.}} \rangle \sim 0.7 \text{ kpc}$, comparable with LAEs @ z~5.7 (e.g. *Taniguchi et al. 09*).

In general (from 4 to 6):

- Deficiency of large Ly α EW at bright UV magnitudes (*Shapley 03, Ando 06,07, Tapken 07*). Increasing Ly α luminosity with redshift (?) (noted also by Frye et al. 2002).
- Emitters appear to be younger, less massive and less extincted than “absorbers” (agree with simul. and Ly α modelling, e.g. Mori & Umenura 2006, Dayal et al. 2009, Tilvi et al. '09, Verhamme et al. 2008), even though there are cases of “evolved” emitters (Pentericci '09).
- Emitters appear more nucleated. Several cases show multiple cores, signature of ongoing merger ?

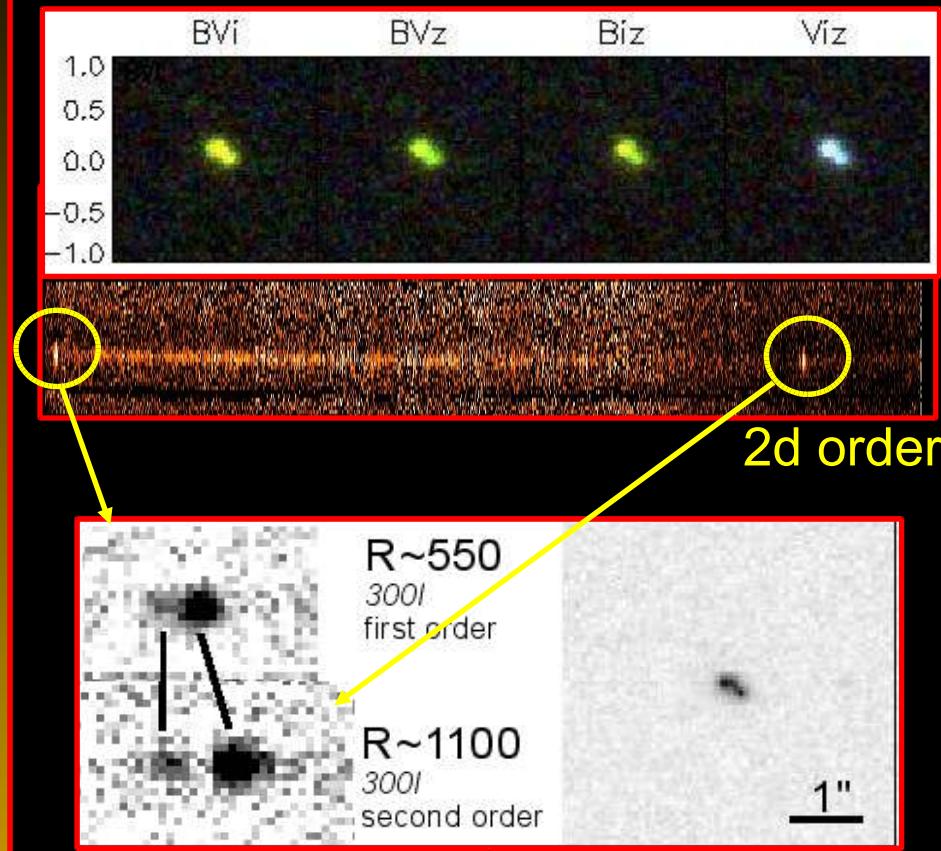
Individual note (I): double Ly α profile at redshift ~ 3.7

GDS J033217.22-274754.4 z=3.65



Line	$\lambda(\text{\AA})$	Redshift
emission		
Ly α (1215.8) (blue)	5647	3.645
Ly α (1215.8) (red)	5660	3.655
??	6955	
absorption		
??	6868	
SiII(1526.7)	7089	3.643
CIV(1548.2-1550.8)	7200	3.647

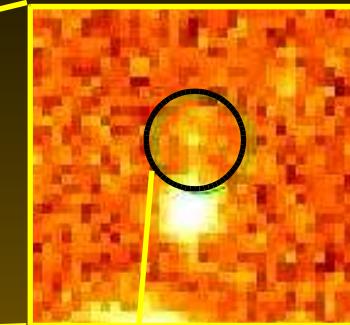
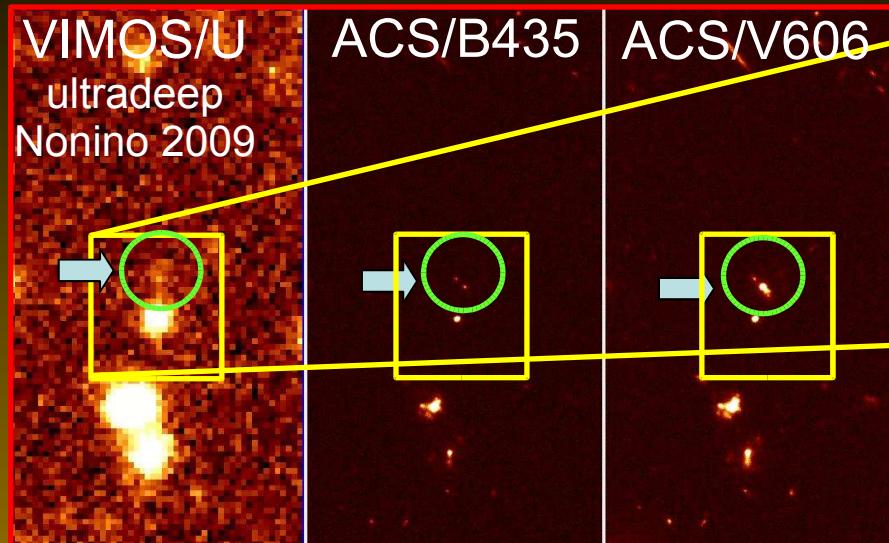
GDS J033233.33-275007.4 z=3.80



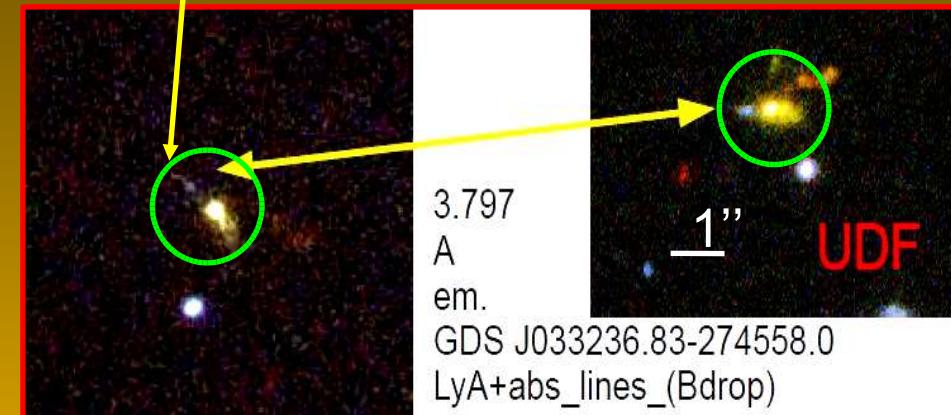
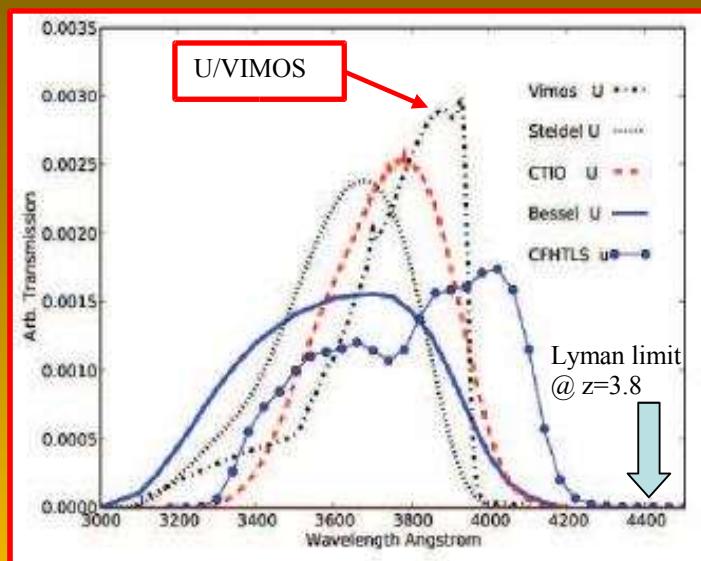
$dv \sim 650 \text{ km/s}$ - Ly α from each blob (merger) ?

Individual note (II) : Lyman continuum emission at $z \sim 3.8$

GDS J033236.83-274558.0 ($z = 3.797$, quality A), probing $\lambda < 900 \text{ \AA}$



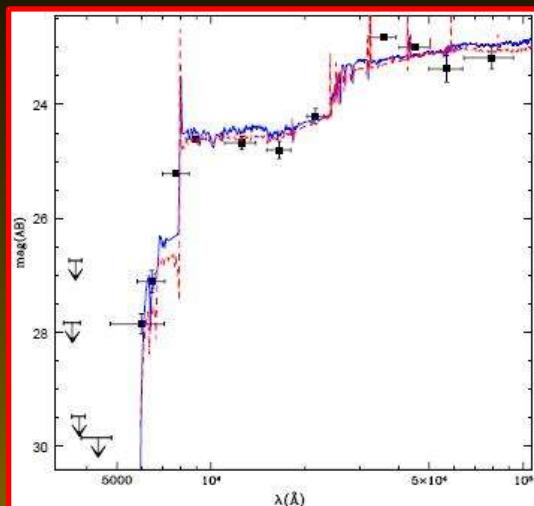
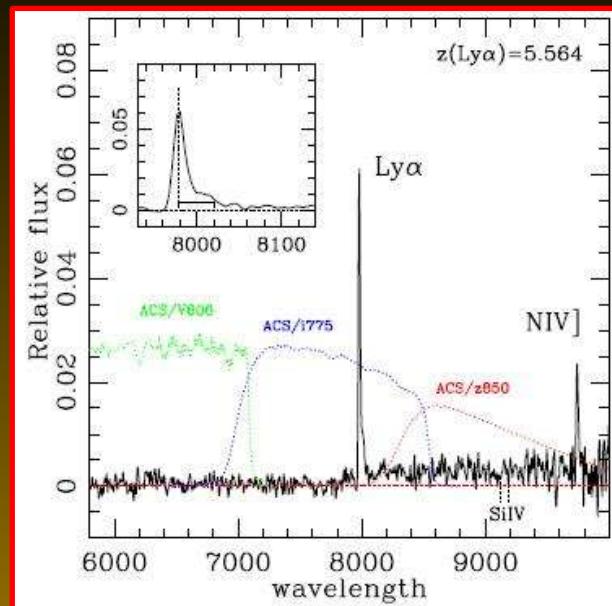
Mag U(AB)=**28.63 +/-0.2**
clear detection ...



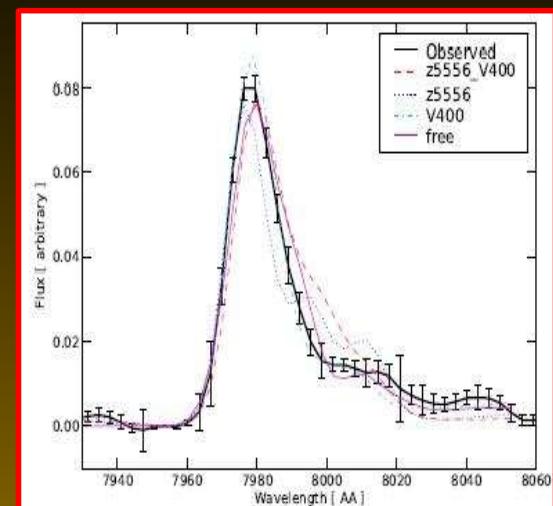
... but, contamination by a foreground blue compact galaxy ?

Individual note (III) : Peculiar source @ z=5.56:

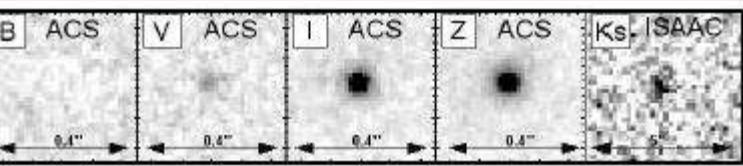
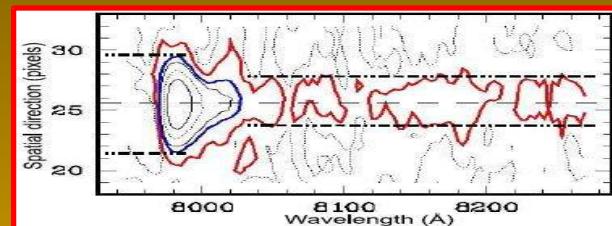
(Vanzella et al. in prep., see Raiter and Fosbury contributions)



SED fitting (Vanzella 2009b)



Ly α fitting (MCLy α , Verhamme 06)



From SED and Ly α fitting:

- Column density is high ($\text{NH} \geq 10^{21}$)
- Outflow velocity from Ly α model and measured are consistent: **460 km/s**
- Stellar mass (**$M^* \sim 5 \times 10^{10} M_\odot$**) young and evolved stellar populations (0.01 Gyr, 0.4 Gyr).
- $E(B-V) \leq 0.1$ (small).

See also Wiklind 2008, (ID 5197) and Stark et al. (2007), (ID 32_8020)