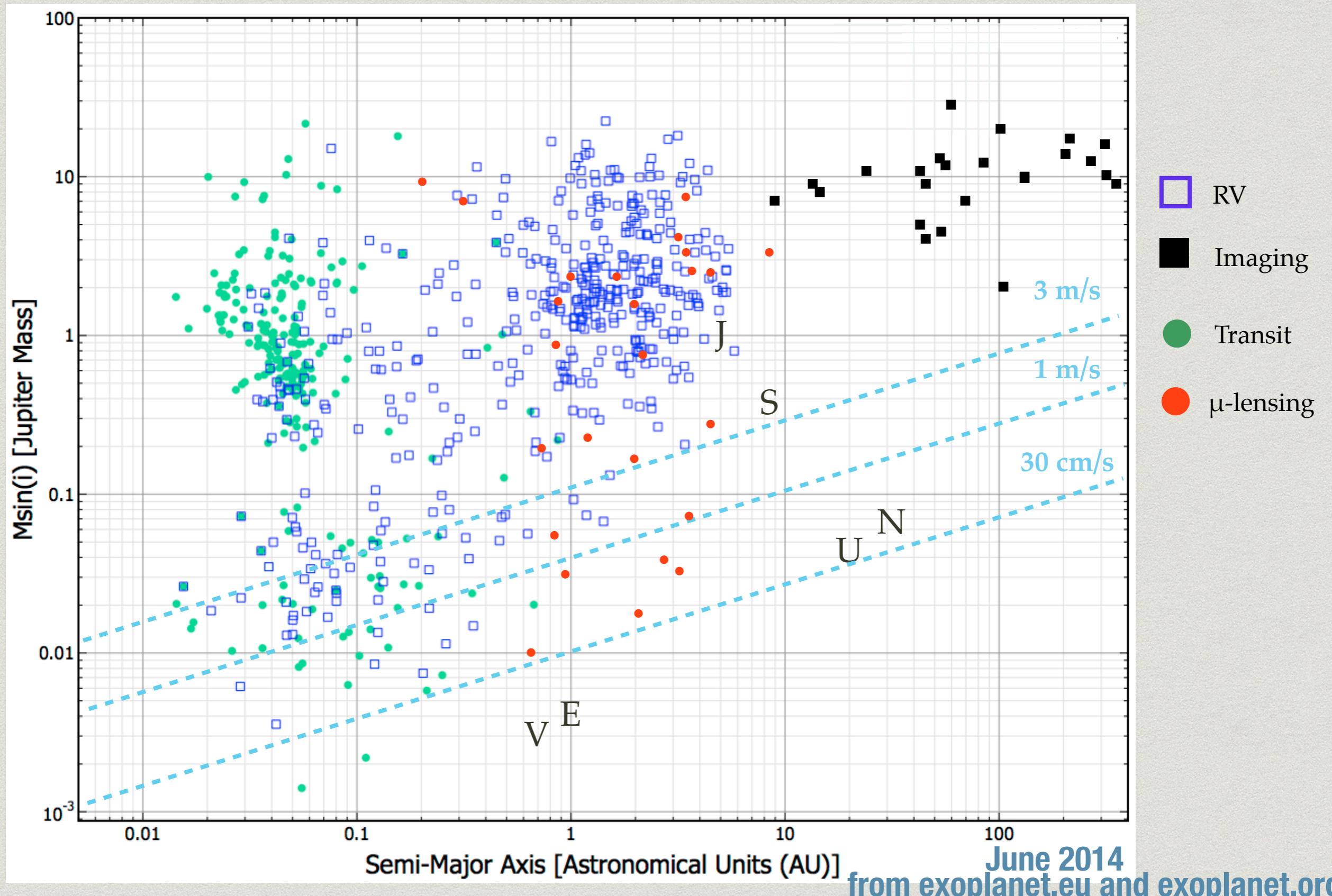




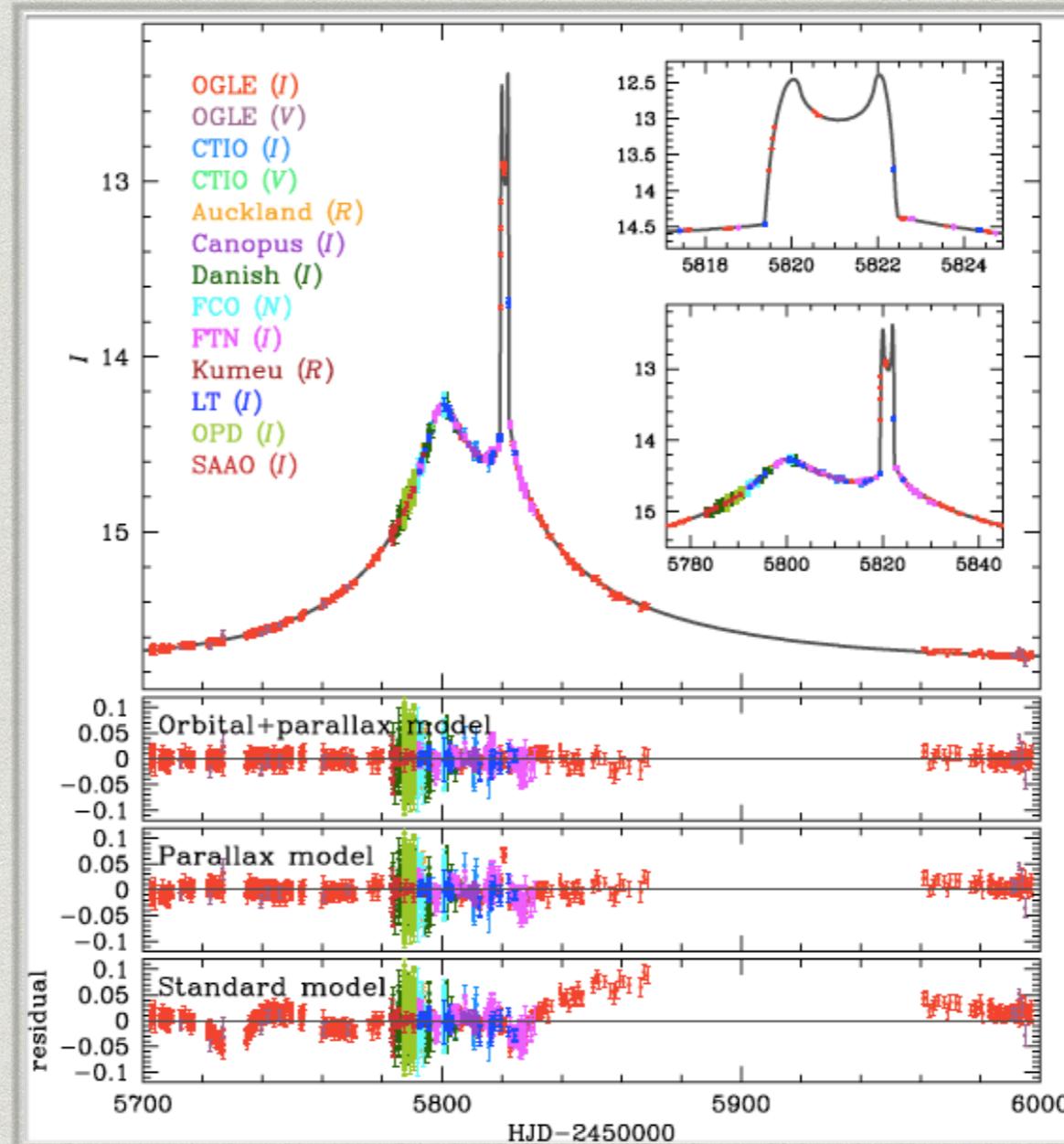
THE FIRST RADIAL VELOCITY MEASUREMENTS OF A MICROLENSING EVENT: NO EVIDENCE FOR THE PREDICTED BINARY

I. BOISSE, A. SANTERNE, J.-P. BEAULIEU, W. FAKHARDJI, N.C.
SANTOS, P. FIGUEIRA, S. SOUSA, C. RANC
A&A LETTER, 2015

Introduction



OGLE-2011-BLG-0417



Binary system

Shin et al. 2012

OGLE-2011-BLG-0417

- * Characteristics



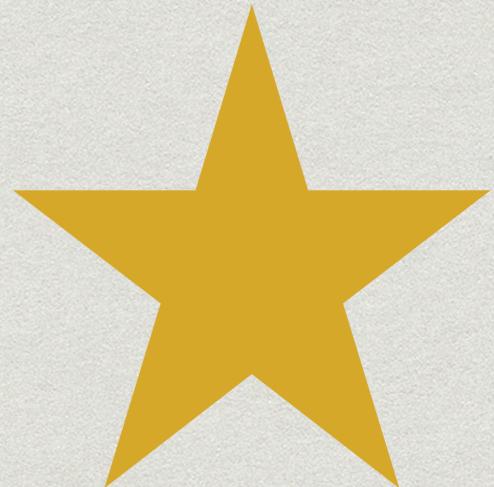
Lens

binary M dwarfs

0.95 kpc

I = 16.3

V = 18.23



Source

K3 red giant

8 kpc

I = 16.74

V = 19.42

OGLE-2011-BLG-0417

- * Characteristics



Lens

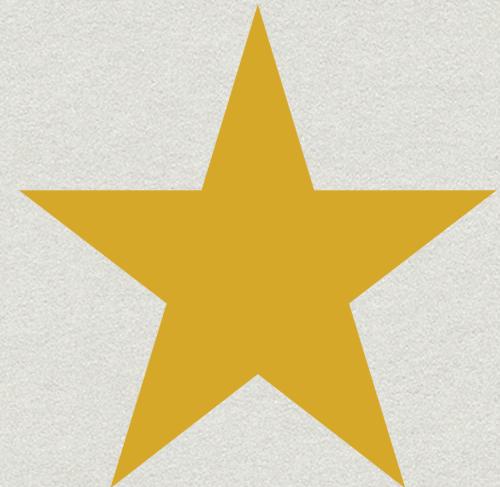
binary M dwarfs

0.95 kpc

$I = 16.3$

$V = 18.23$

Brighter lens !!



Source

K3 red giant

8 kpc

$I = 16.74$

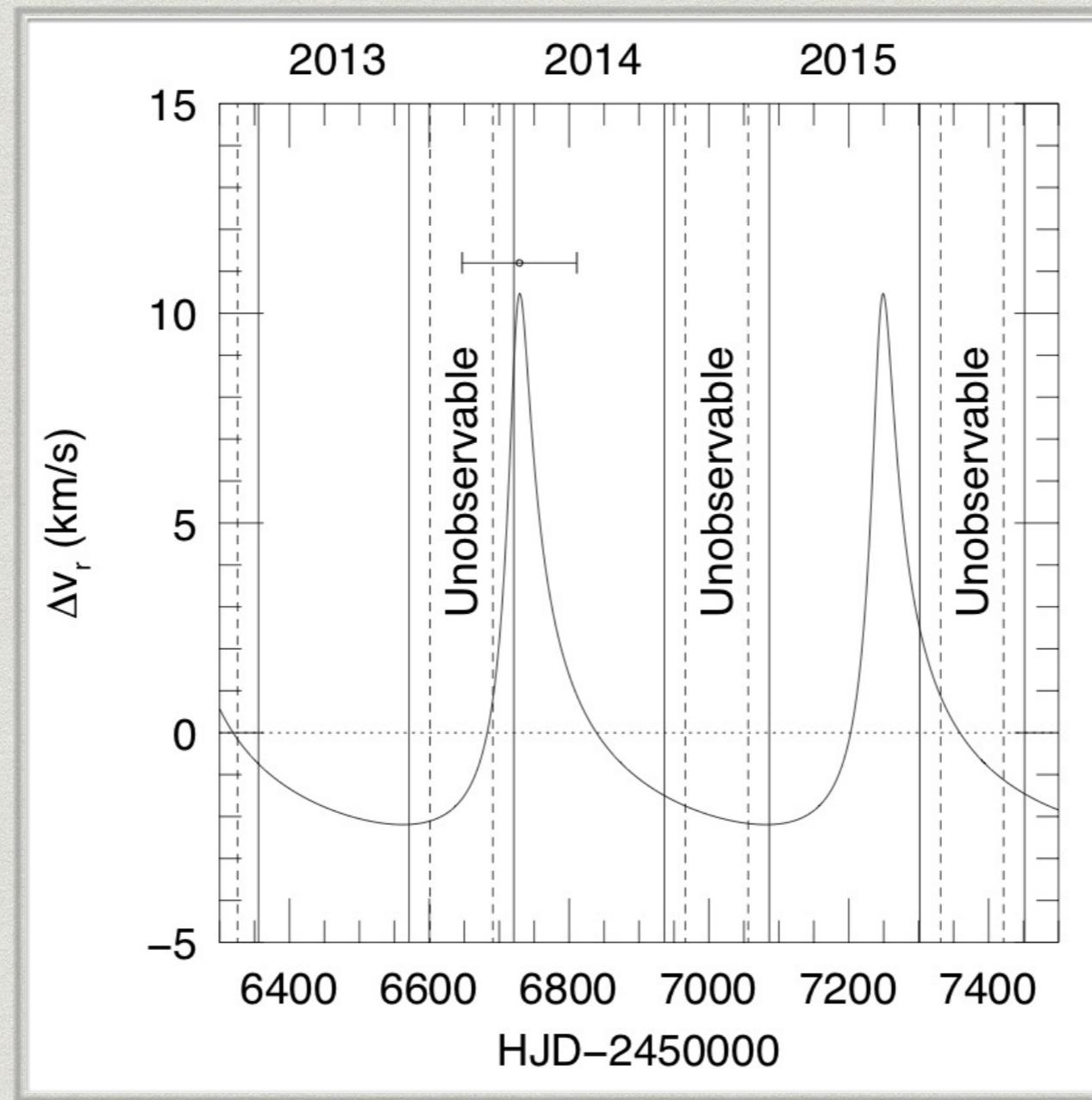
$V = 19.42$

OGLE-2011-BLG-0417



Predicted RV curve

Gould et al. 2013



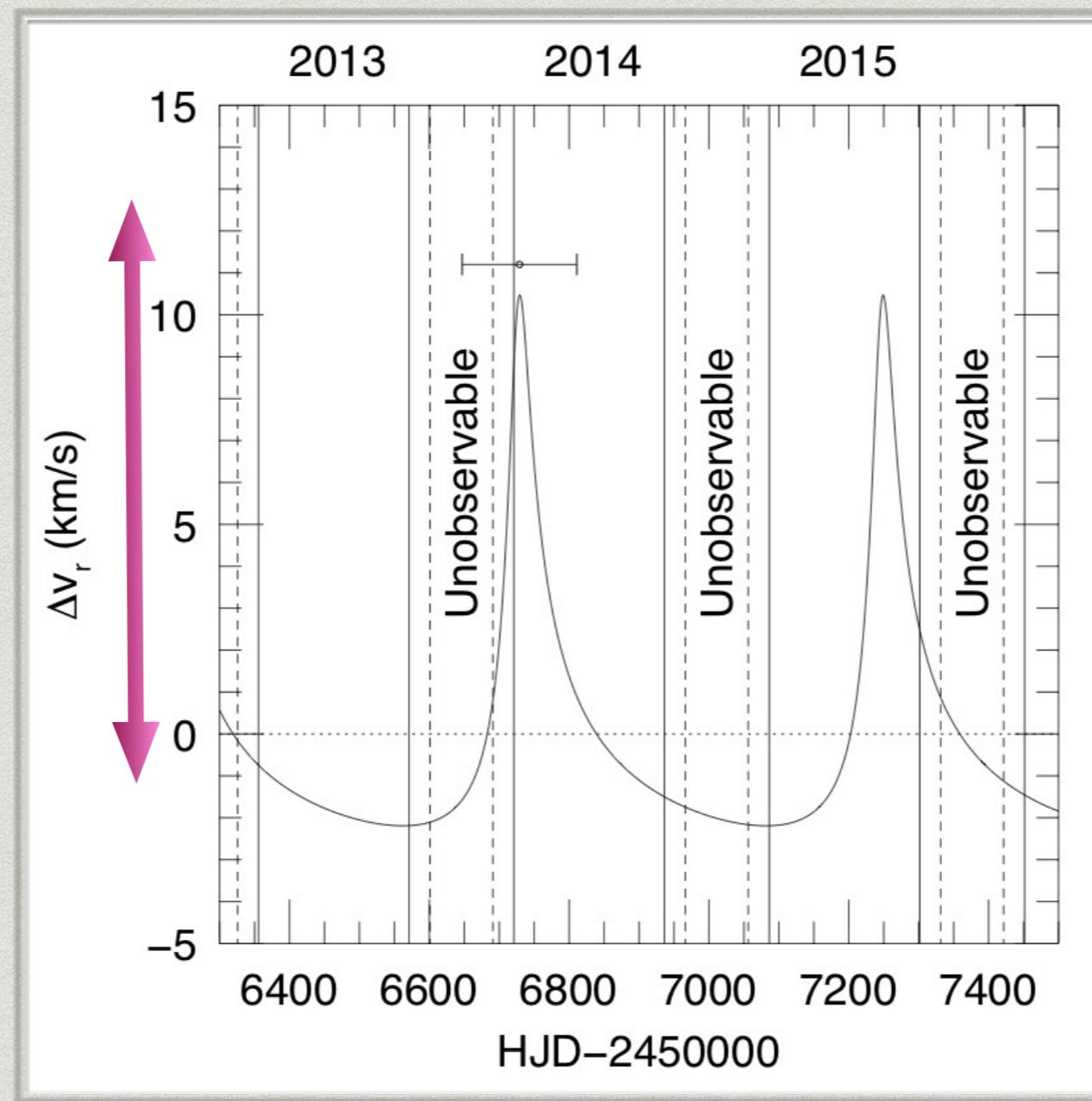
OGLE-2011-BLG-0417



Predicted RV curve

Gould et al. 2013

Several km/s



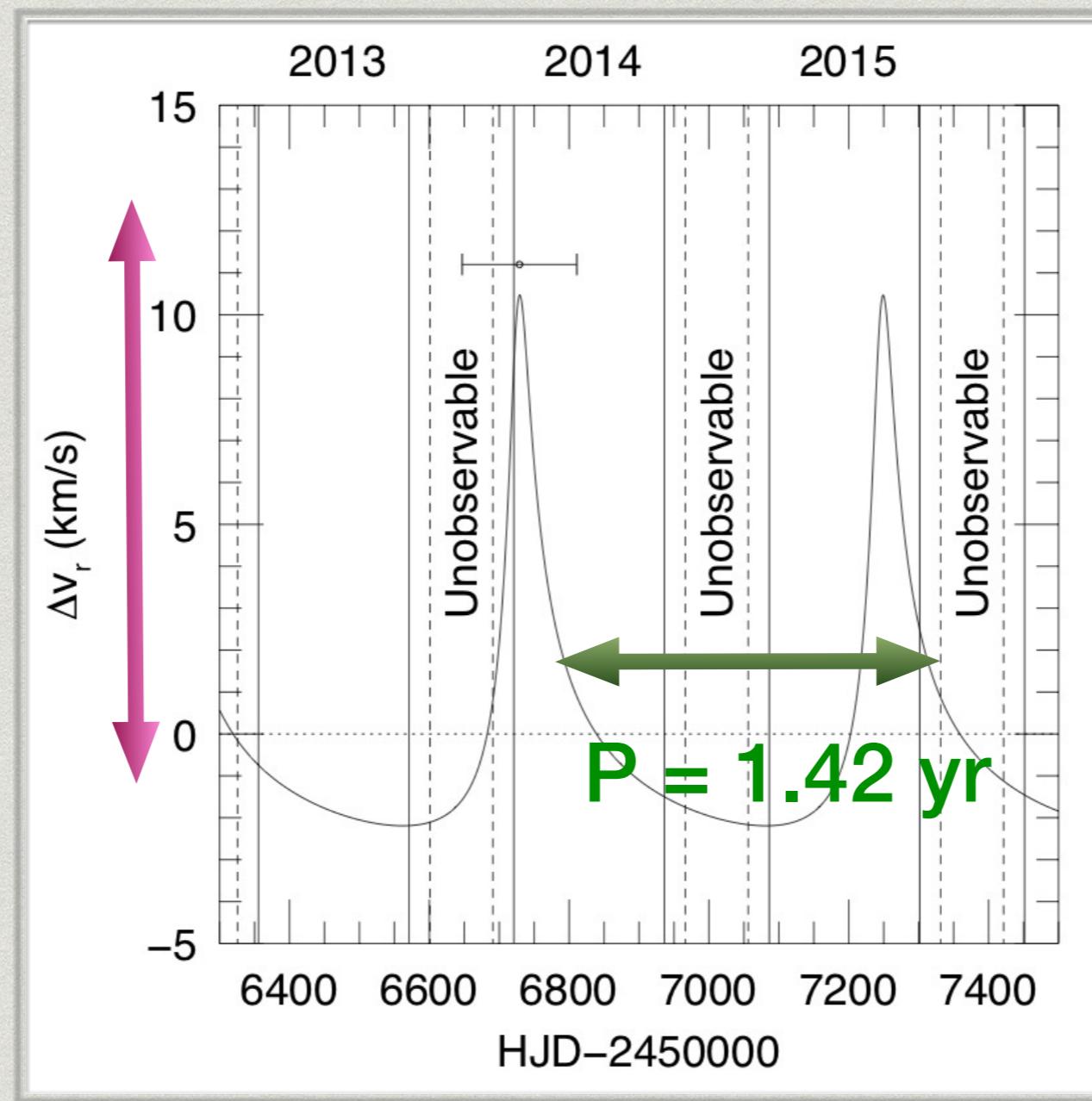
OGLE-2011-BLG-0417



Predicted RV curve

Gould et al. 2013

Several km/s



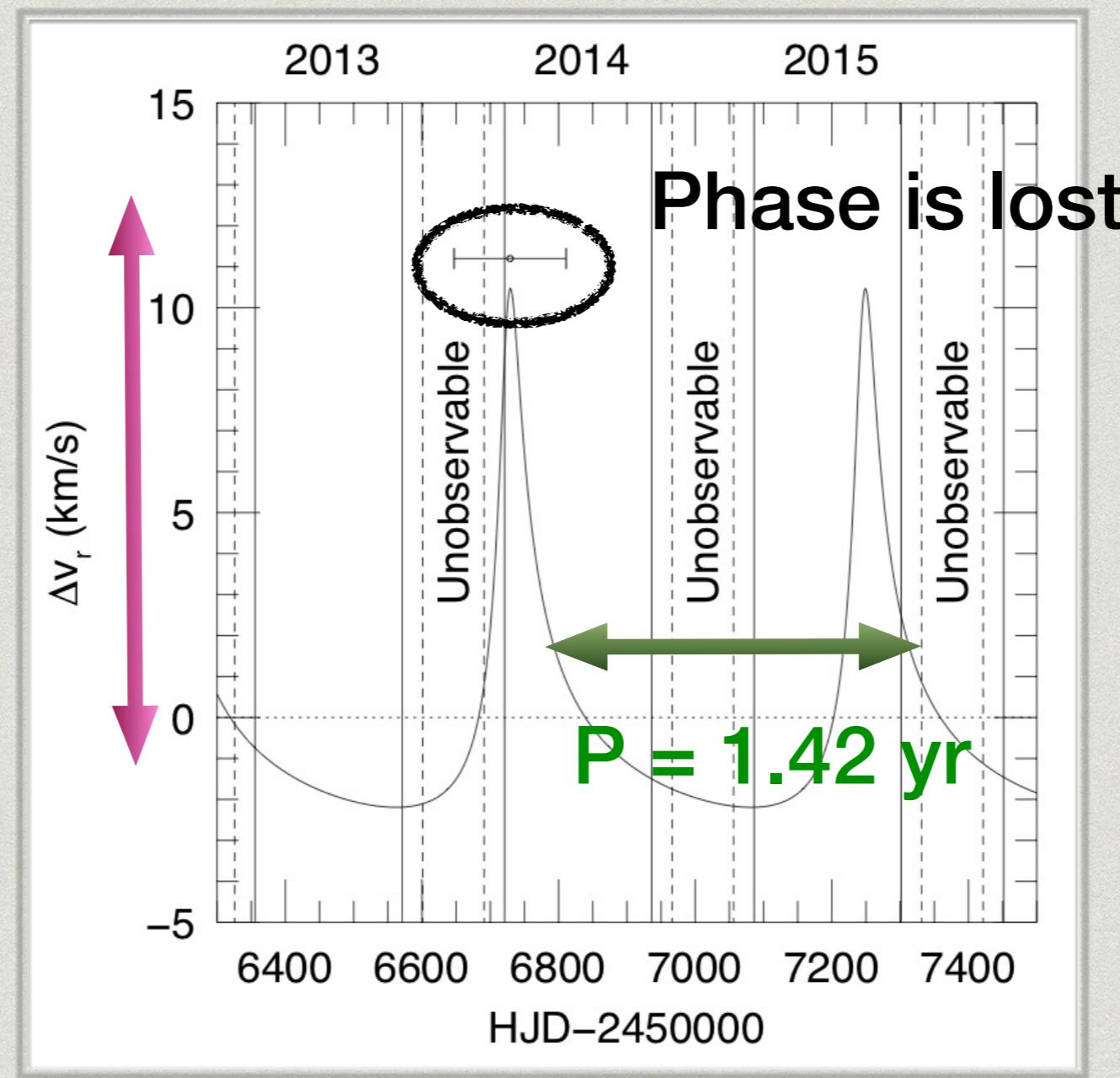
OGLE-2011-BLG-0417



Predicted RV curve

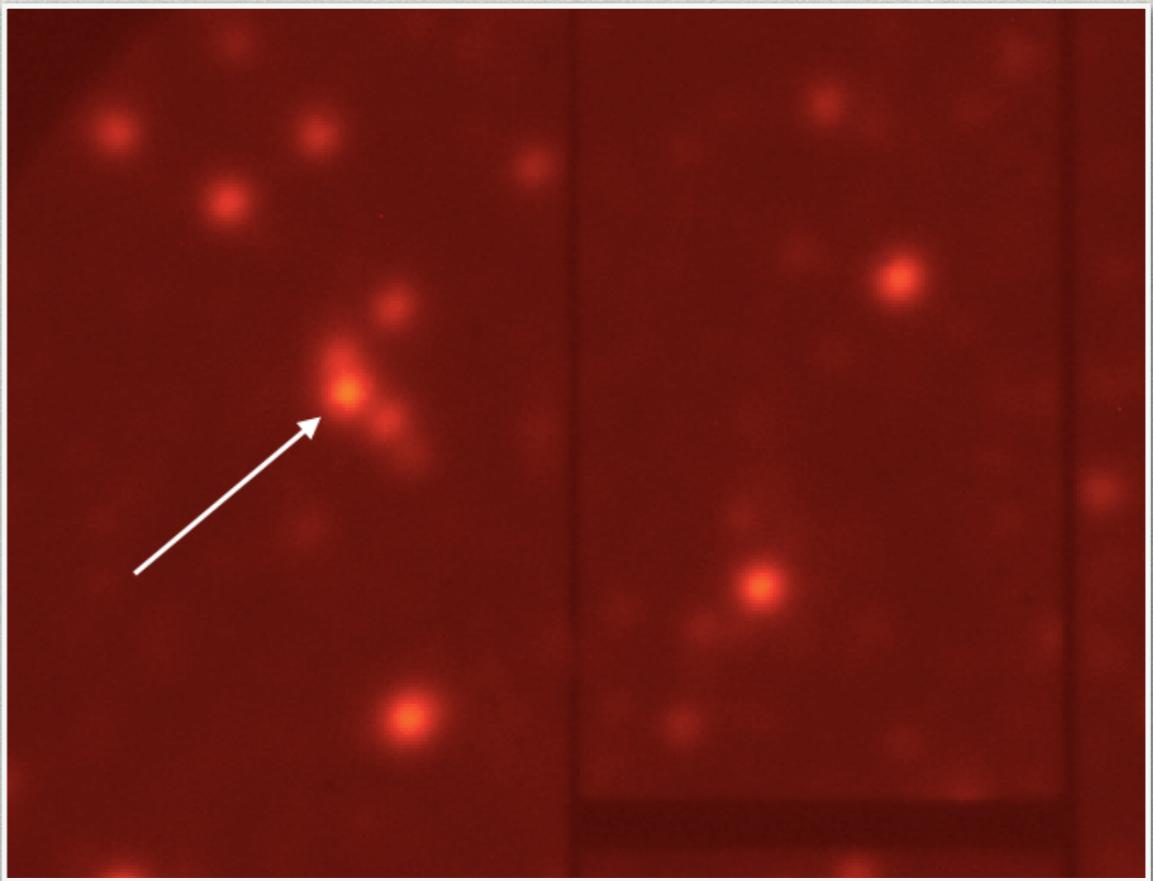
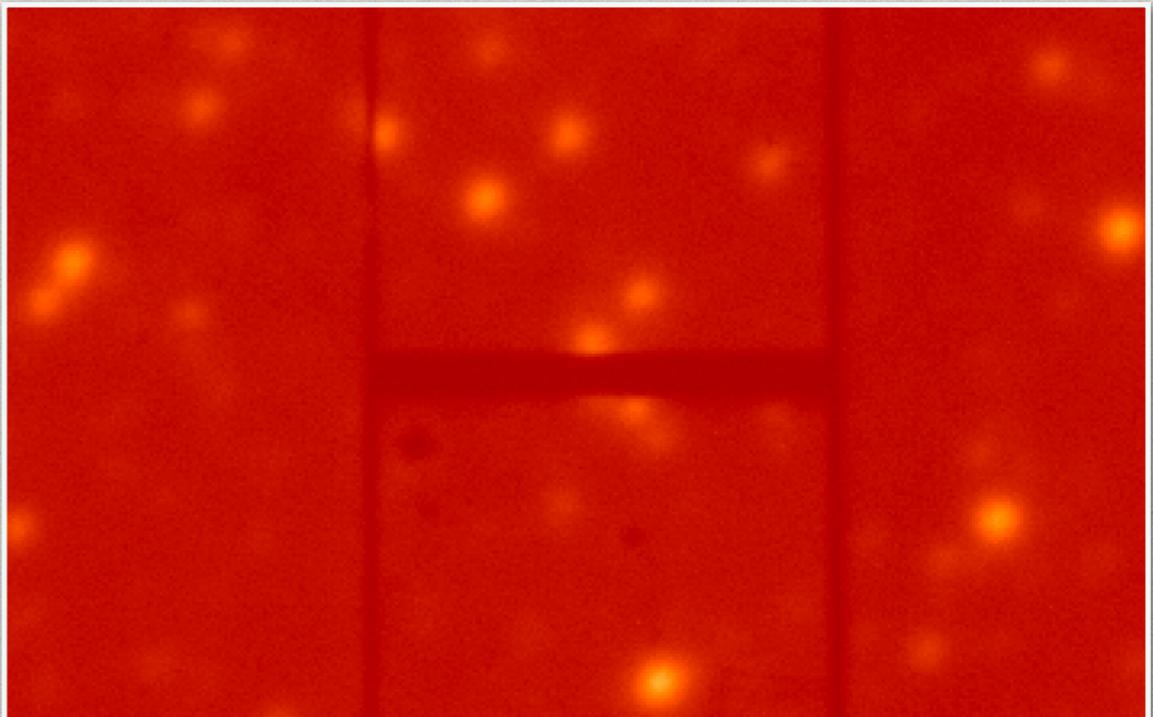
Gould et al. 2013

Several km/s



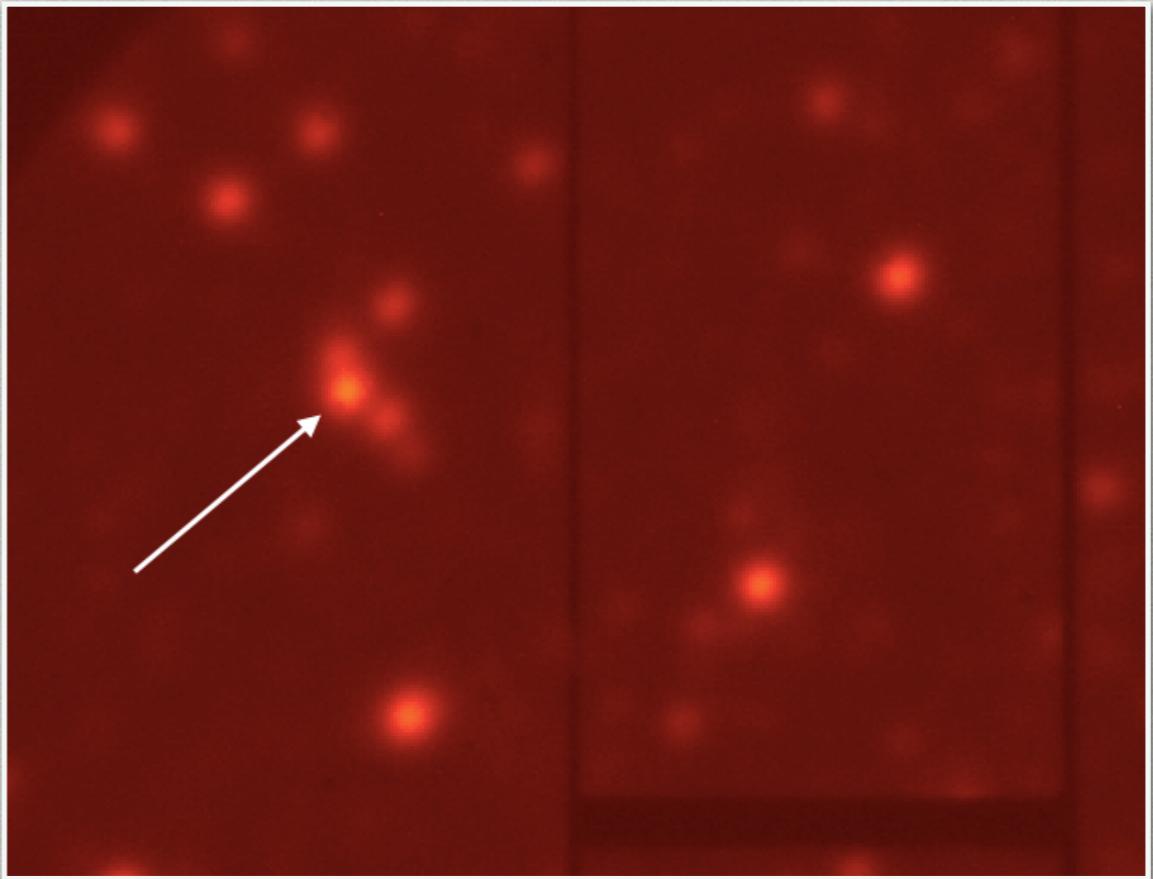
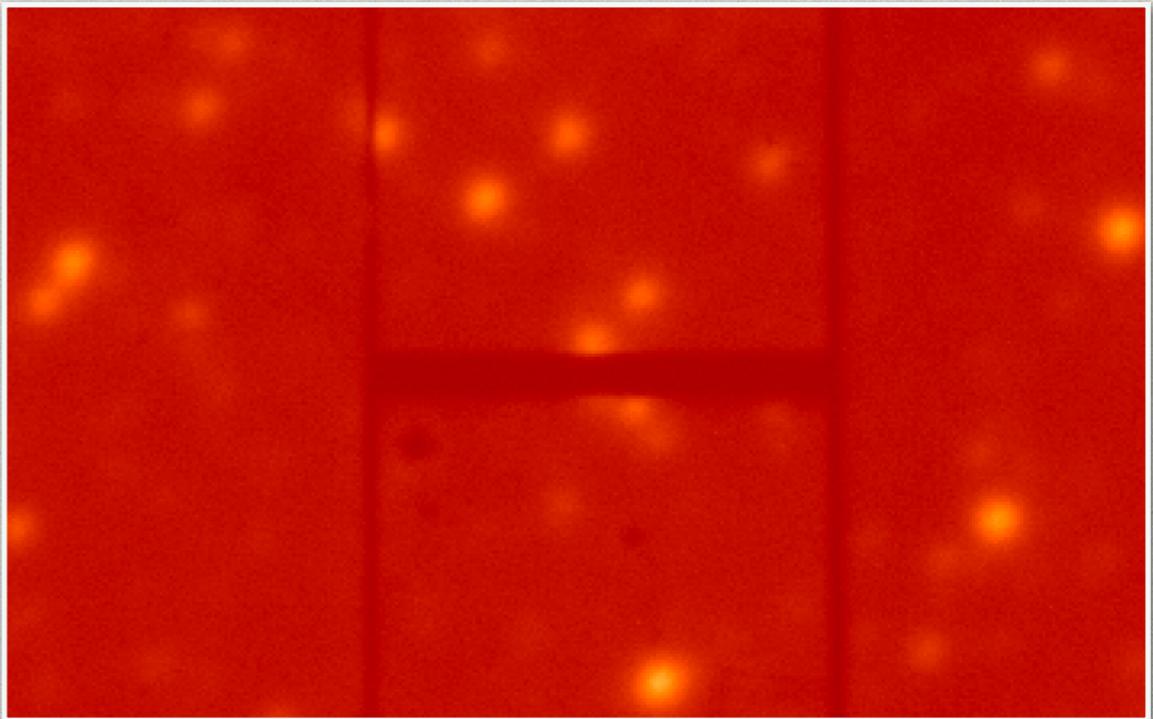
Observations

- * UVES @ VLT, ESO



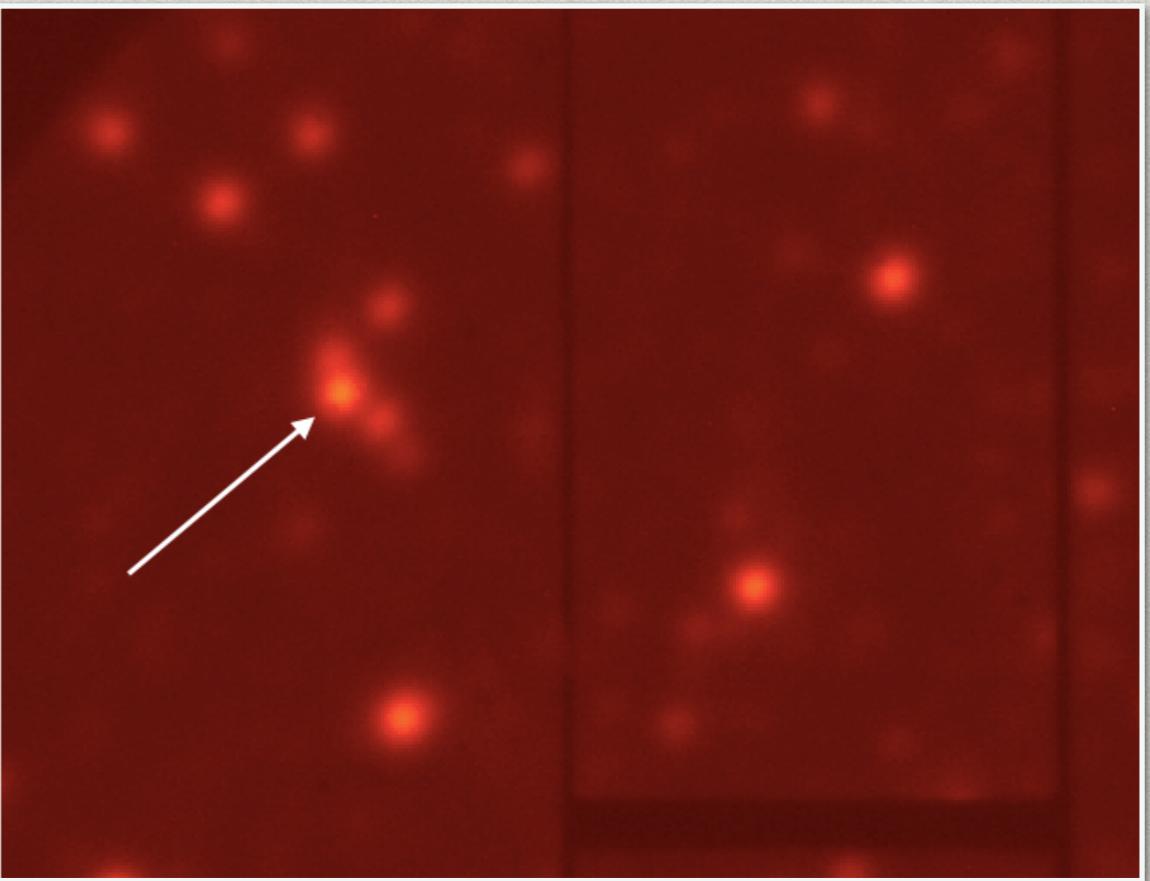
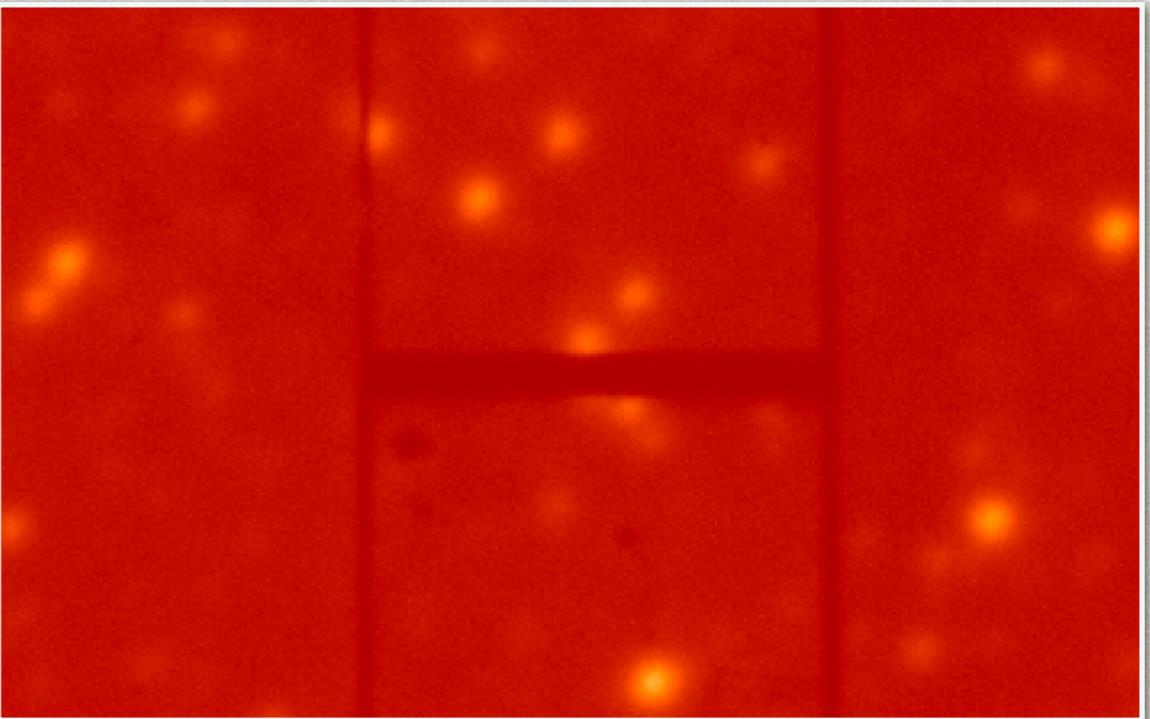
Observations

- * UVES @ VLT, ESO
- * Crowded field



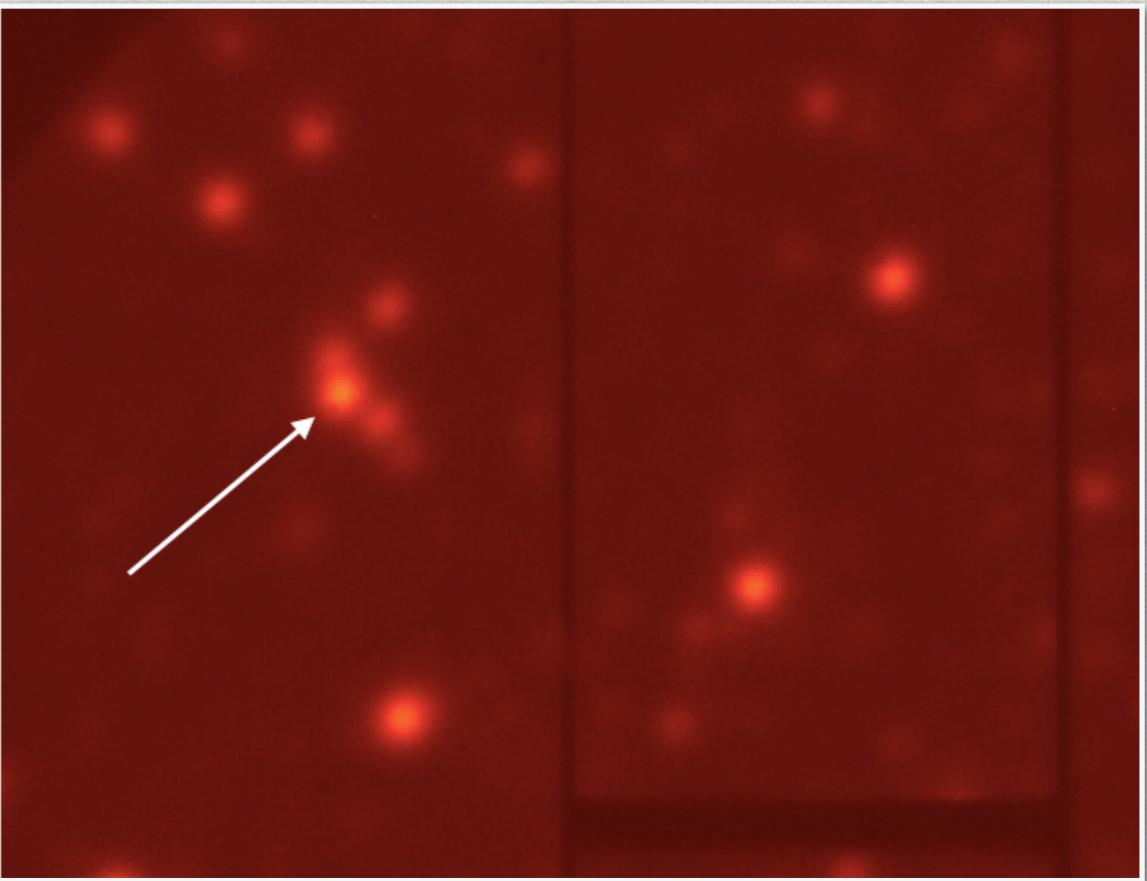
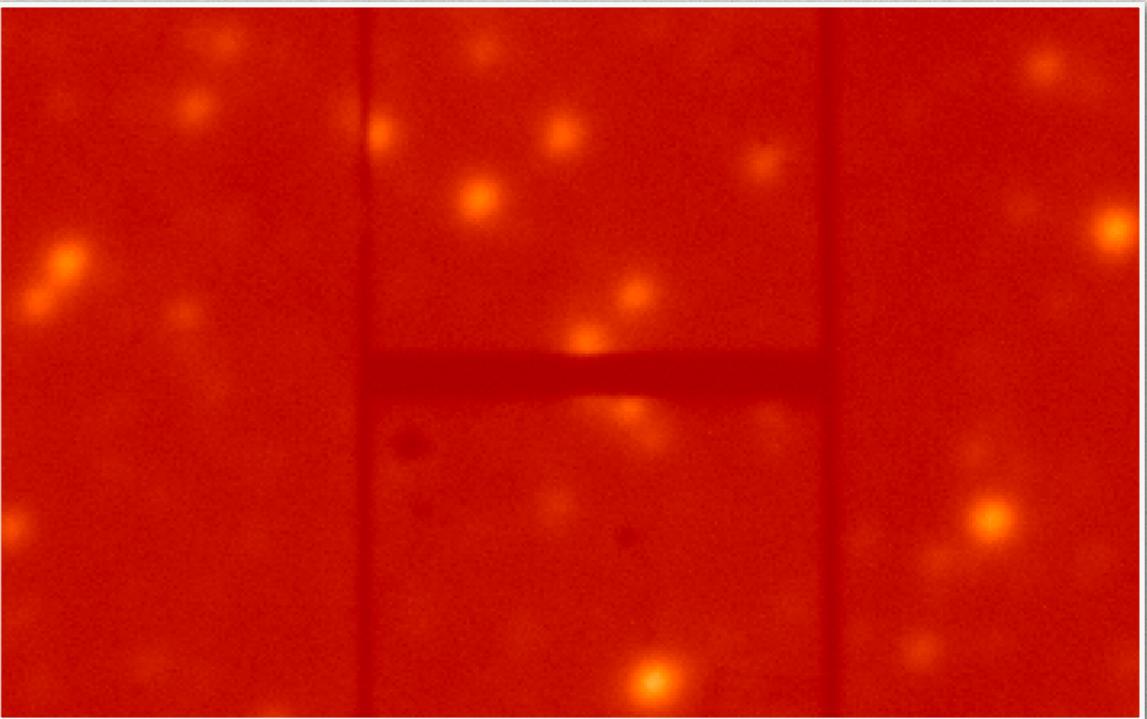
Observations

- * UVES @ VLT, ESO
- * Crowded field
- * 10 spectra of ~1h
- * SNR ~ 20 (550nm)



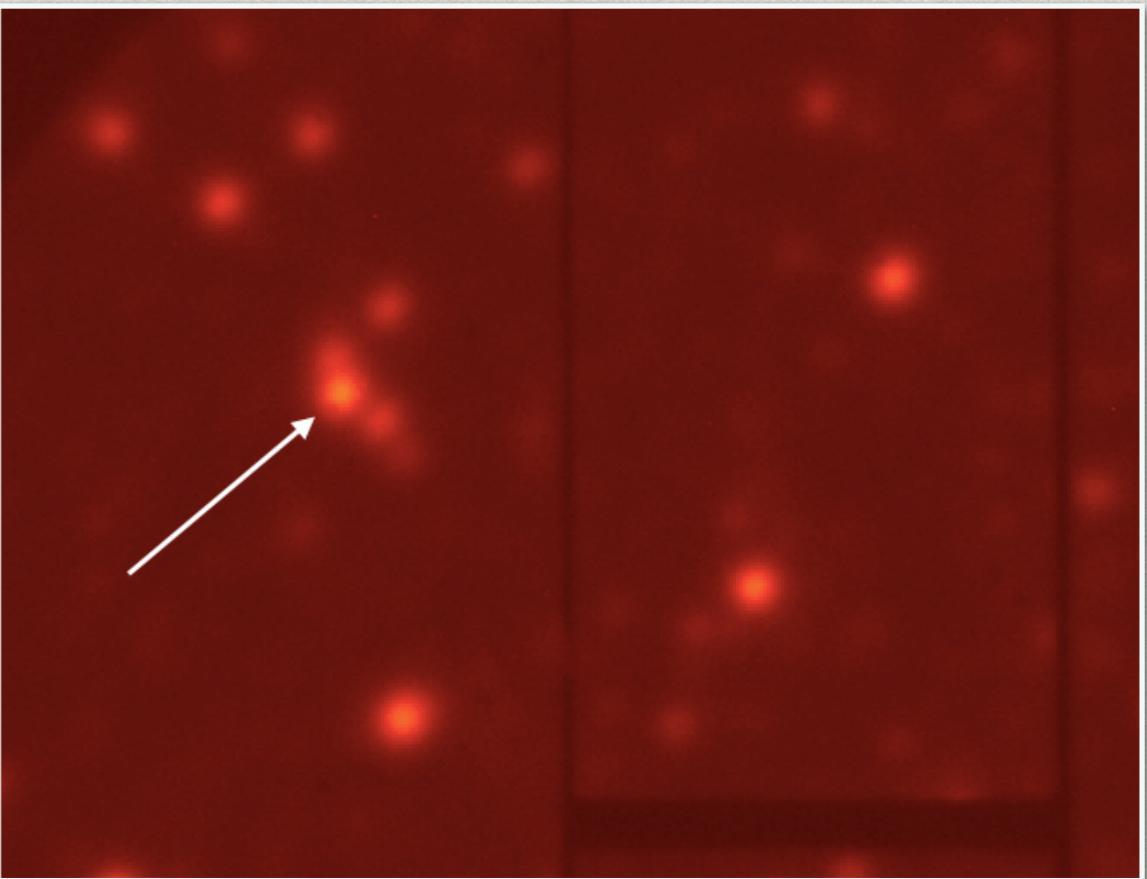
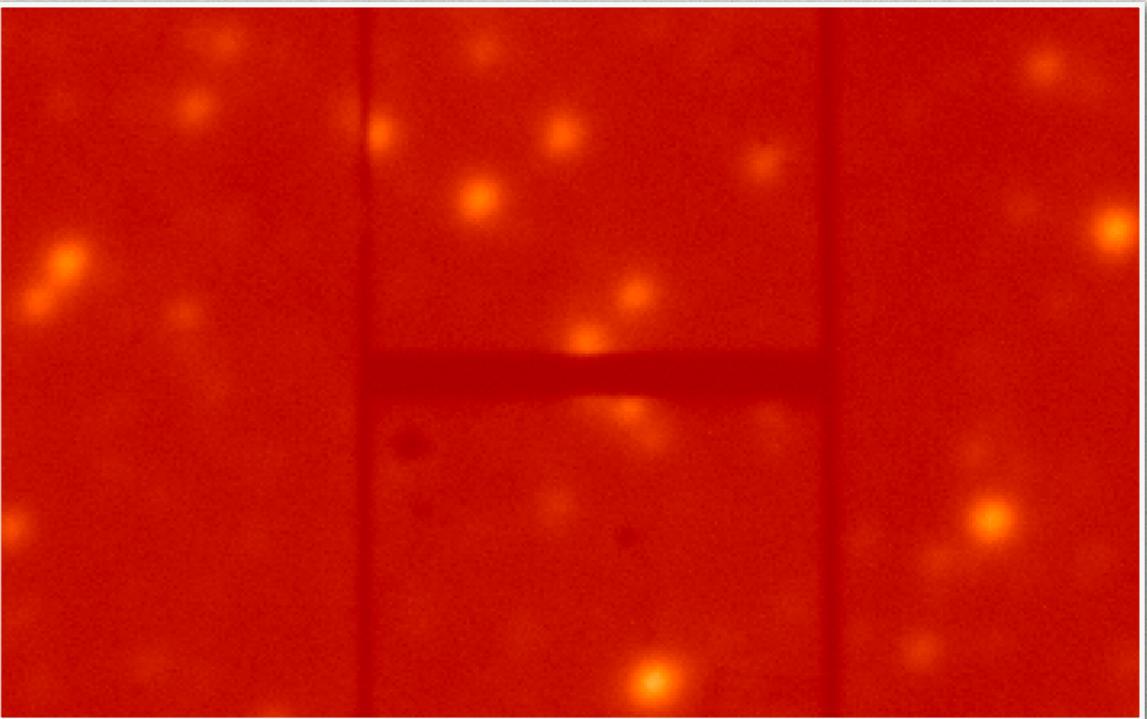
Observations

- * UVES @ VLT, ESO
- * Crowded field
- * 10 spectra of ~1h
- * SNR ~ 20 (550nm)
- * 1" slit: R~40 000



Observations

- * UVES @ VLT, ESO
- * Crowded field
- * 10 spectra of ~1h
- * SNR ~ 20 (550nm)
- * 1" slit: R~40 000
- * Th-Ar calib before and after exposures



Data reduction

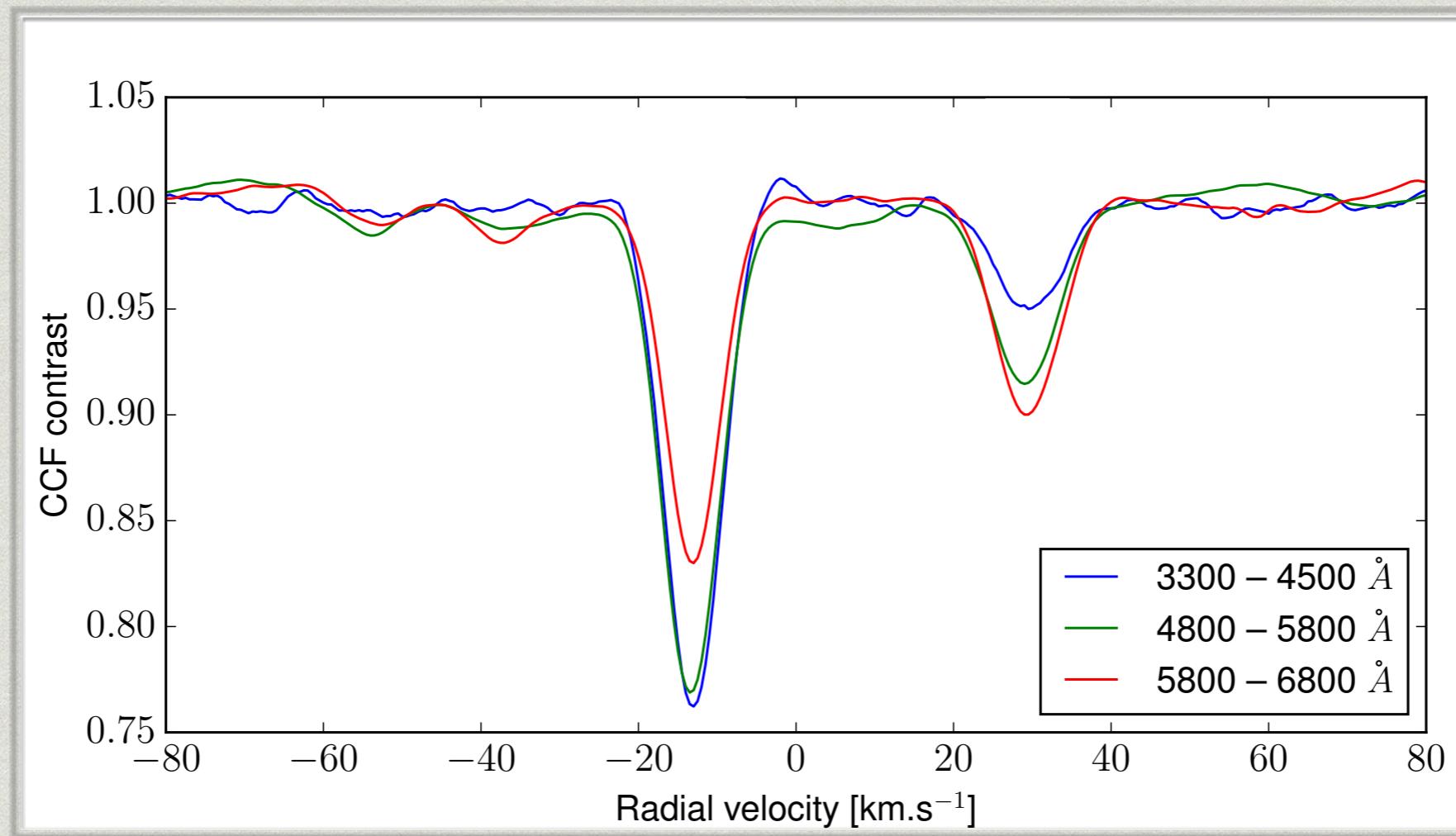
- * Reduced with Reflex (ESO)

Data reduction

- * Reduced with Reflex (ESO)
- * CCF with K5 mask

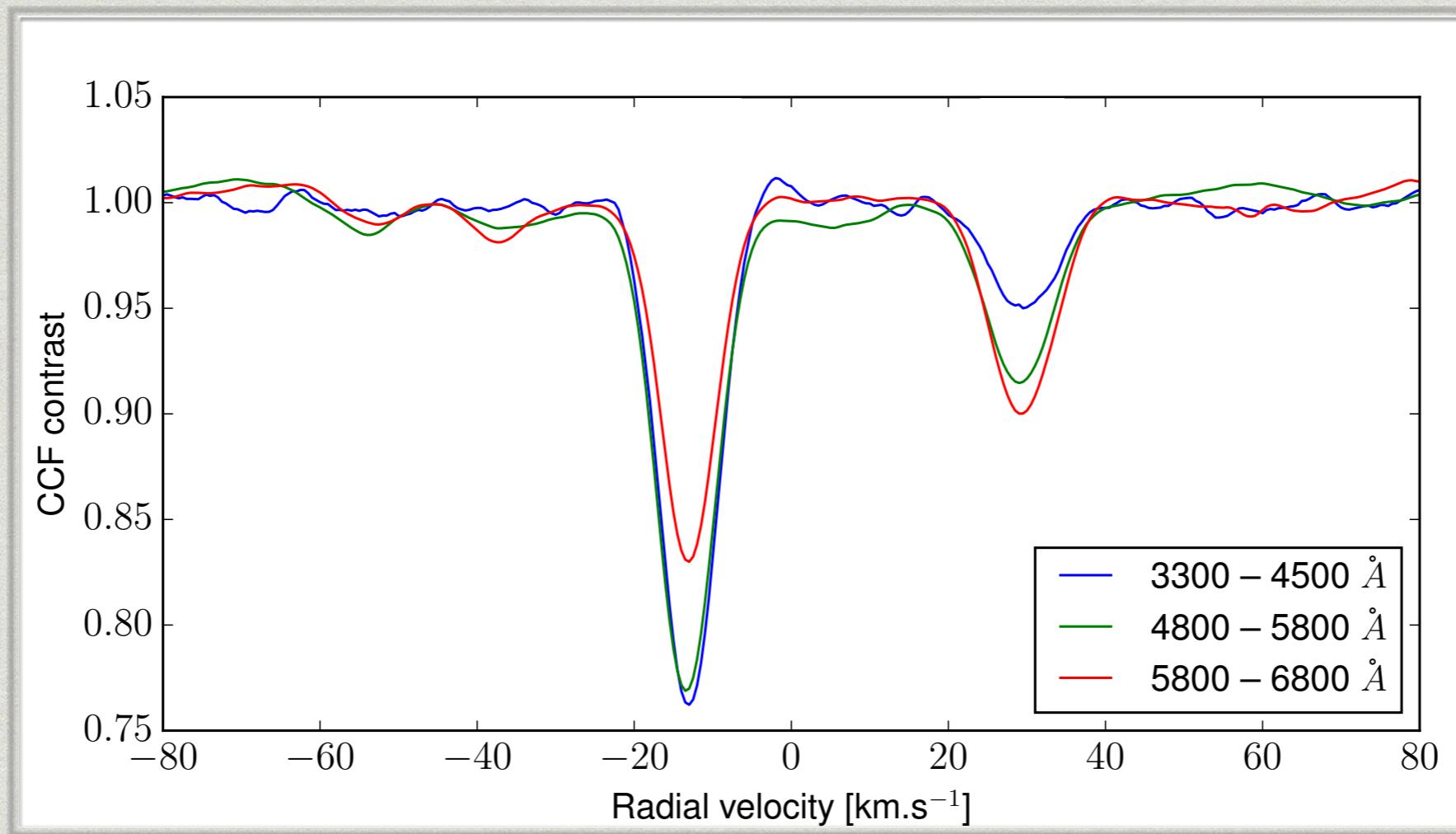
Data reduction

- * Reduced with Reflex (ESO)
- * CCF with K5 mask



Data reduction

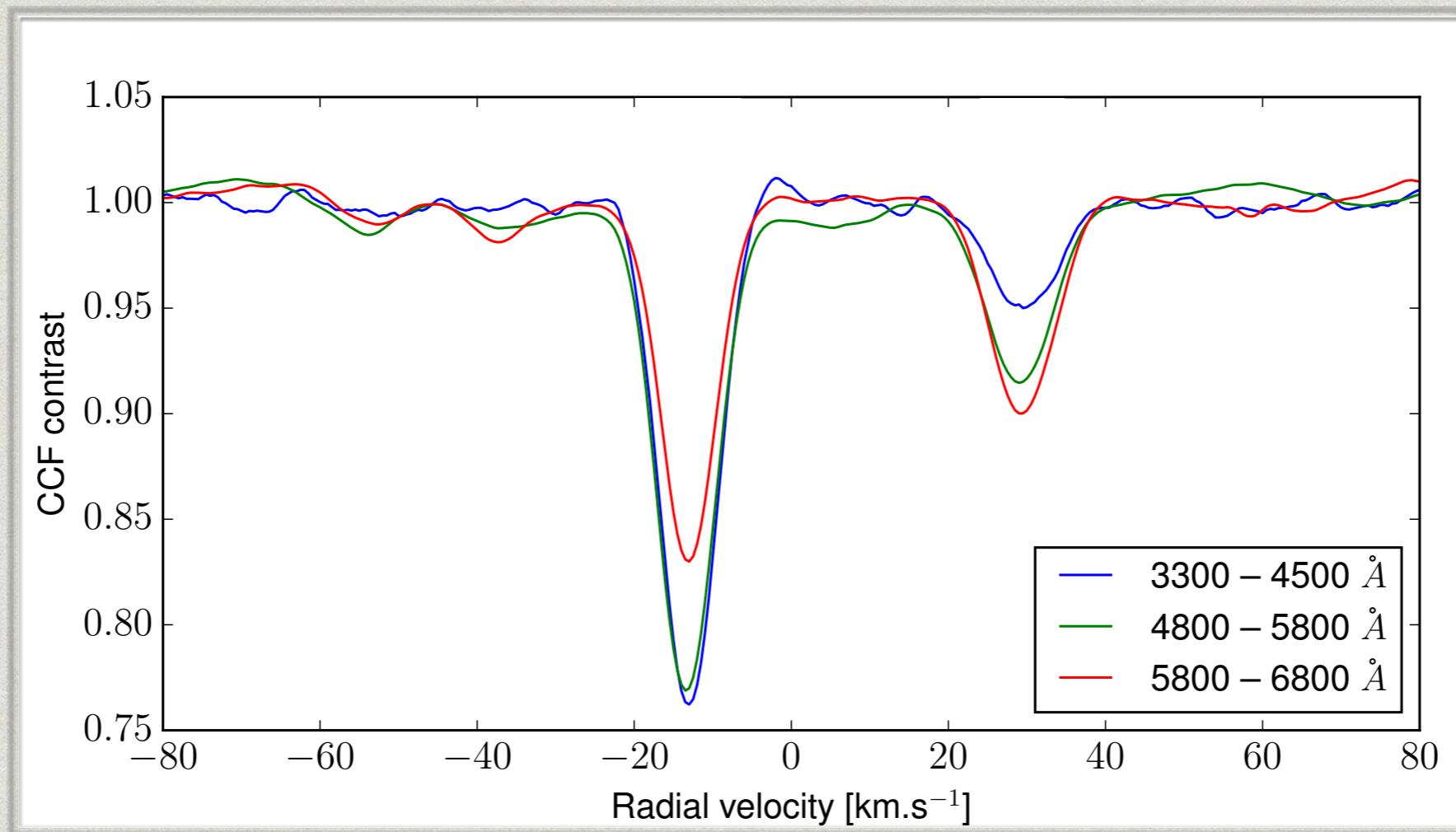
- * Reduced with Reflex (ESO)
- * CCF with K5 mask



- * $(V-I)_{\text{lens}} = 1.93$; $(V-I)_{\text{source}} = 2.68$

Data reduction

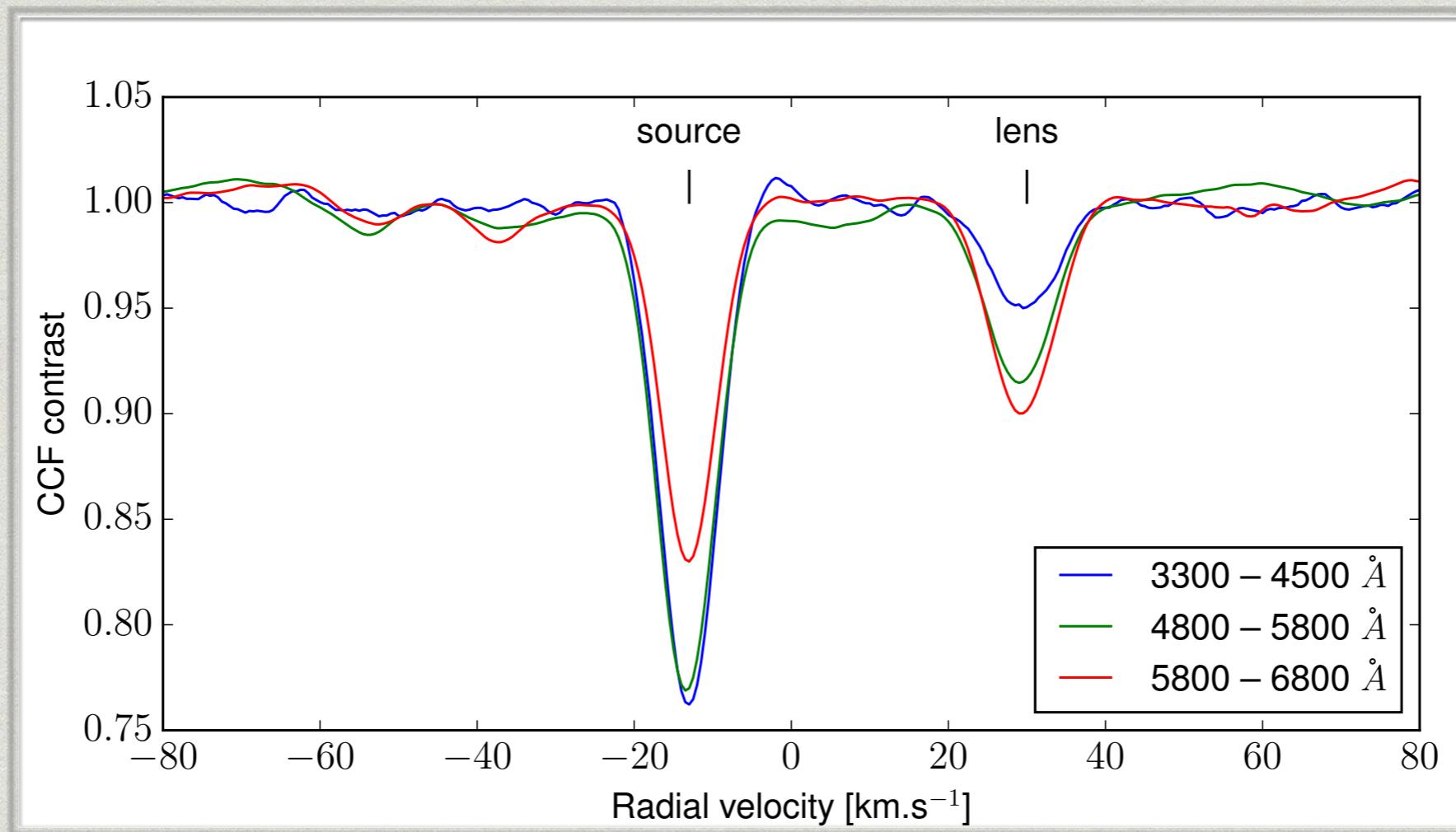
- * Reduced with Reflex (ESO)
- * CCF with K5 mask



- * $(V-I)_{\text{lens}} = 1.93$; $(V-I)_{\text{source}} = 2.68 \rightarrow$ Bluer source

Data reduction

- * Reduced with Reflex (ESO)
- * CCF with K5 mask



- * $(V-I)_{\text{lens}} = 1.93$; $(V-I)_{\text{source}} = 2.68 \rightarrow$ Bluer source

Data reduction

- * Corrected from BERV

Data reduction

- * Corrected from BERV
- * Corrected from spectrograph drift (15 to 400 m/s in 1 h)

Data reduction

- * Corrected from BERV
- * Corrected from spectrograph drift (15 to 400 m/s in 1 h)

But Variation of the illumination of the slit

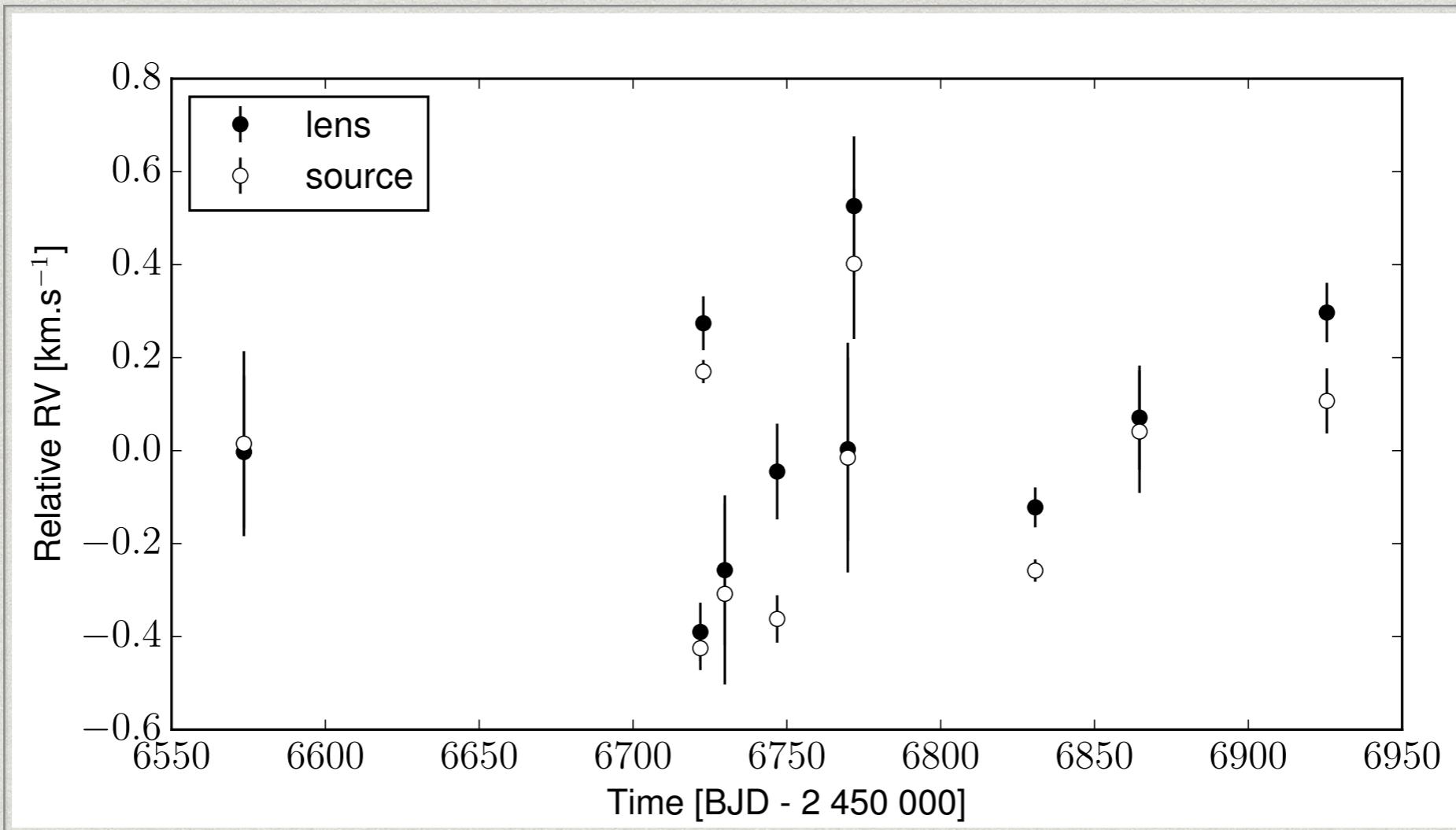
Data reduction

- * Corrected from BERV
- * Corrected from spectrograph drift (15 to 400 m/s in 1 h)

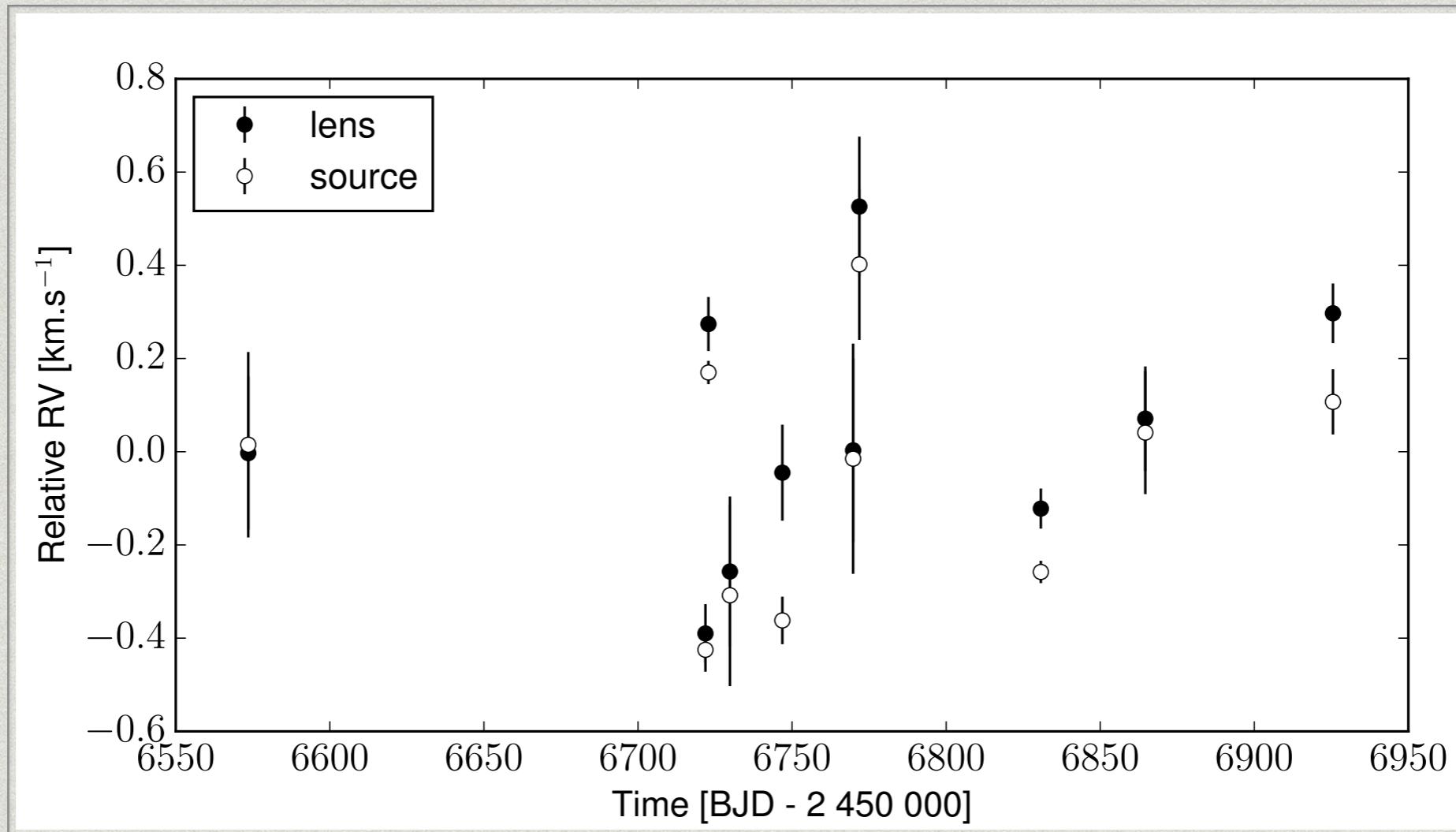
But Variation of the illumination of the slit

→ Corrected from RV telluric reference (O_2 lines)

Data reduction

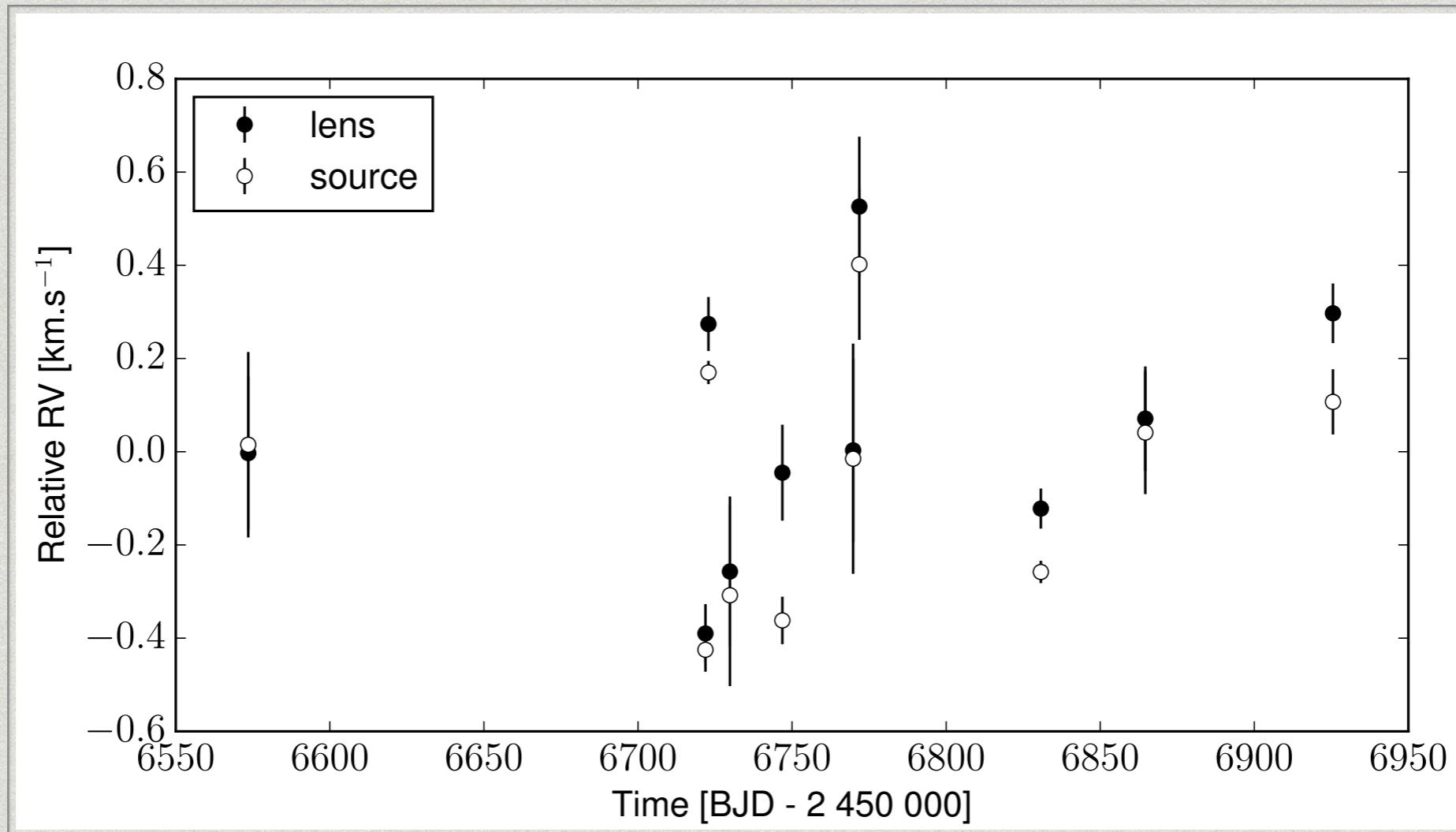


Data reduction



Stars RV share same systematics !

Data reduction

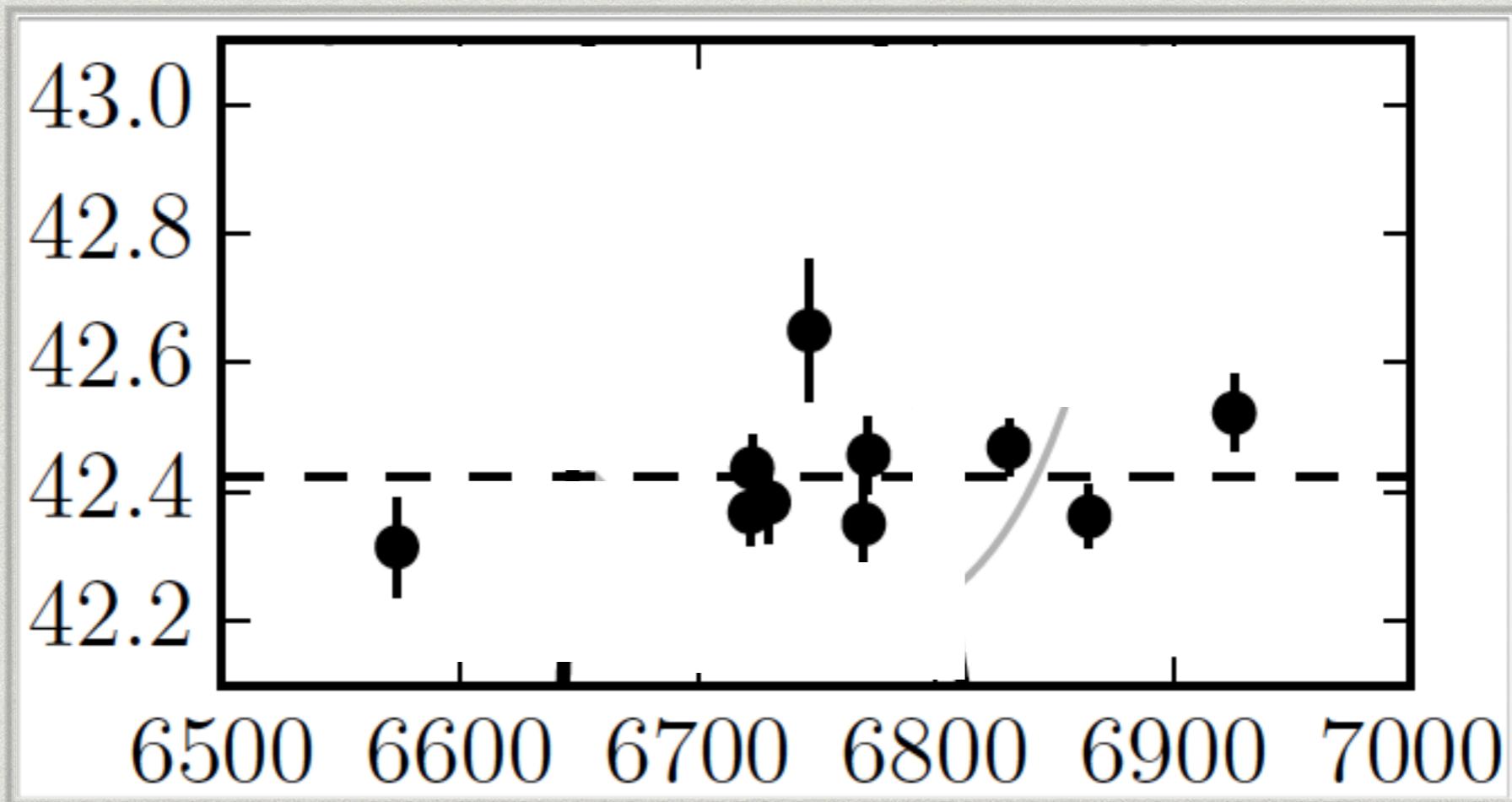


Stars RV share same systematics !



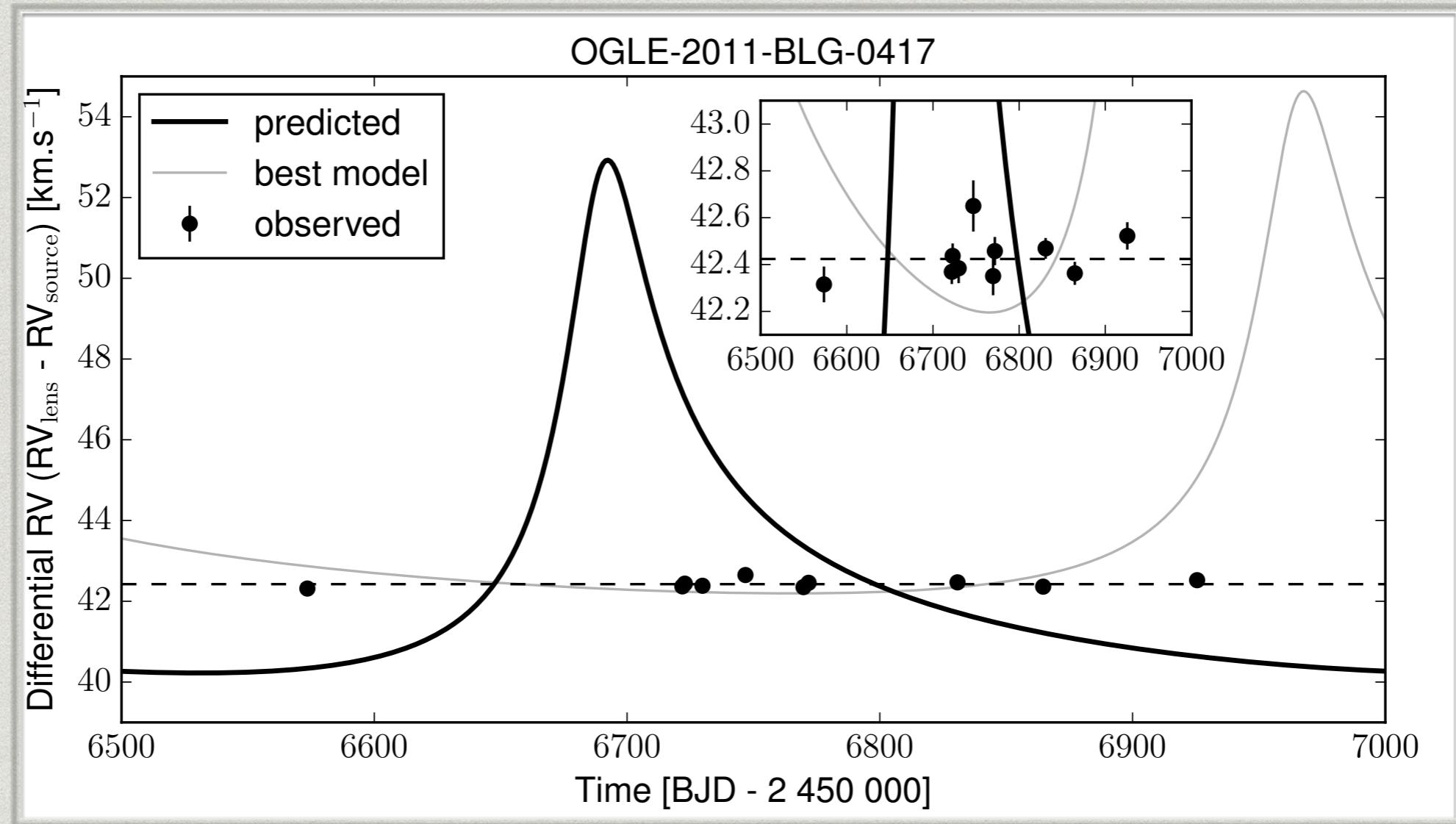
Used RV source as a reference for RV lens

Results



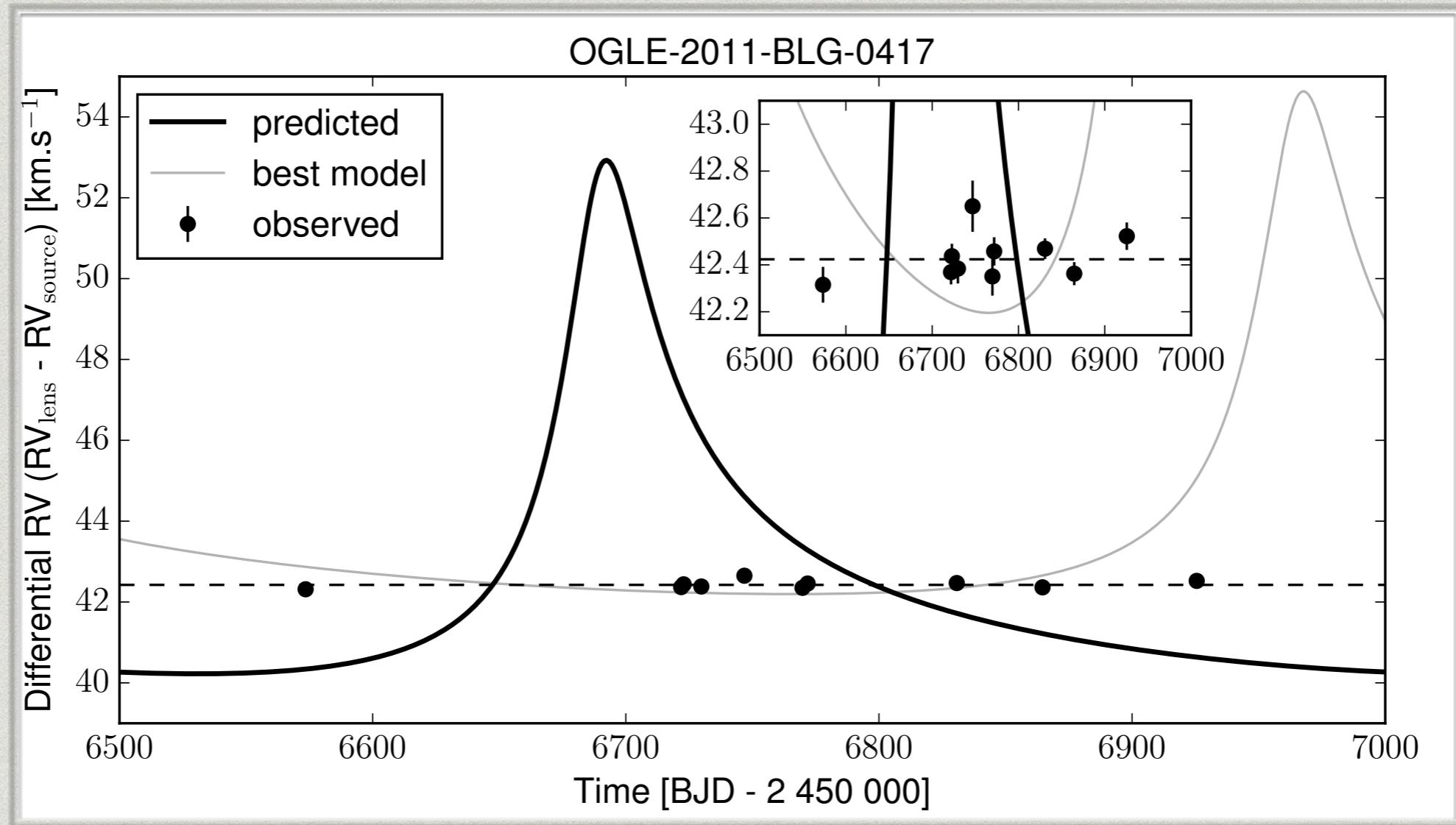
- * RMS = 94 m/s

Results



- * RMS = 94 m/s

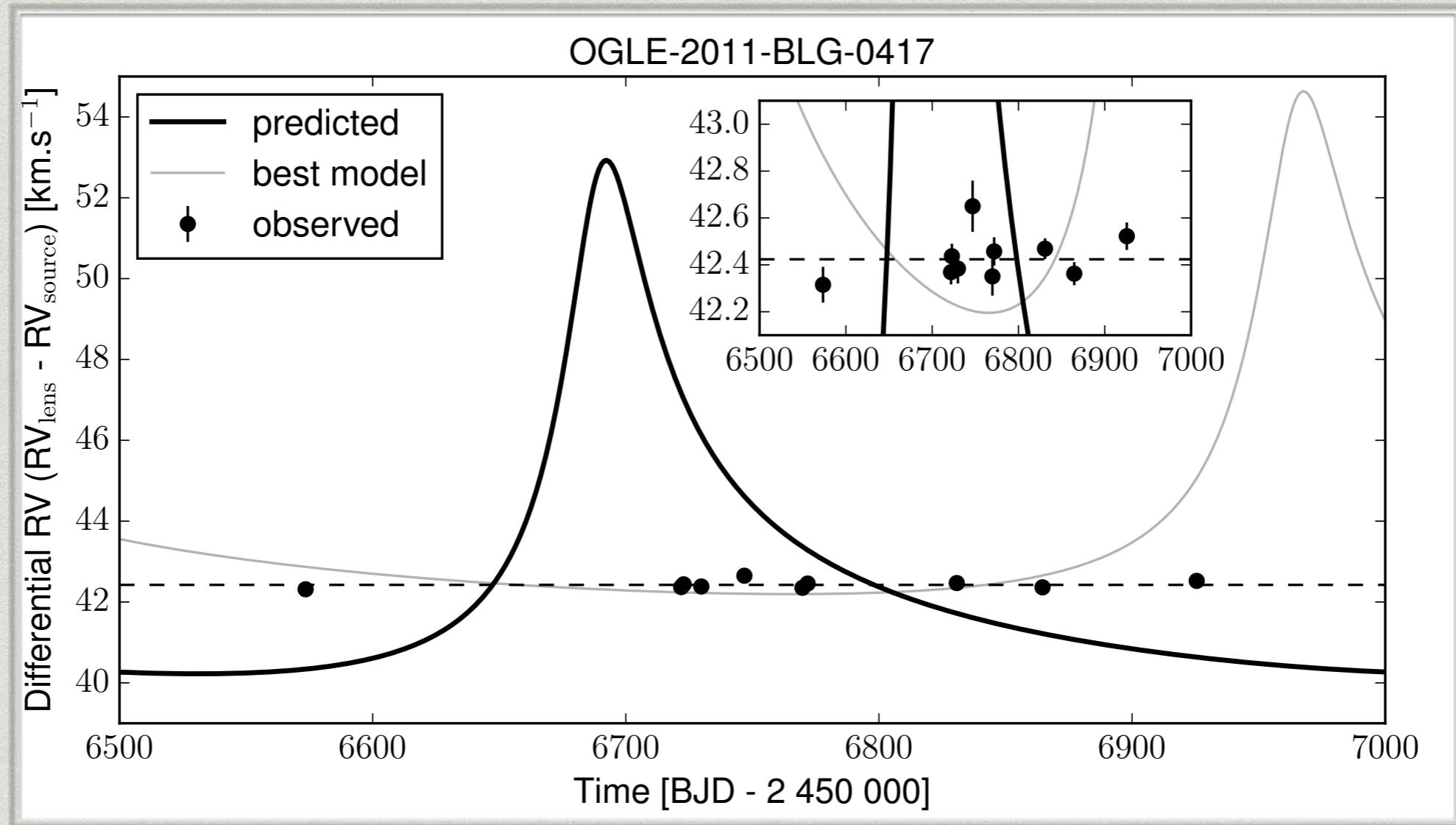
Results



- * RMS = 94 m/s
- * PASTIS validation tool

Diaz et al. 2014

Results



- * RMS = 94 m/s
- * PASTIS validation tool → Probability $< 2 \cdot 10^{-7}$

Diaz et al. 2014

Conclusion

We don't confirm the Gould et al. prediction

Conclusion

We don't confirm the Gould et al. prediction

- * Bright component is most probably not the light from the lens

Conclusion

We don't confirm the Gould et al. prediction

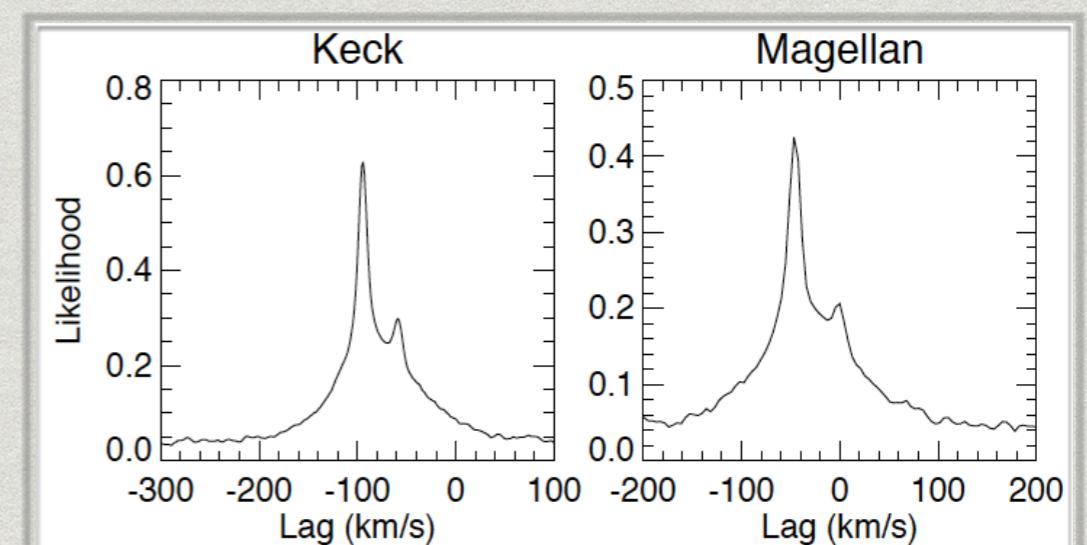
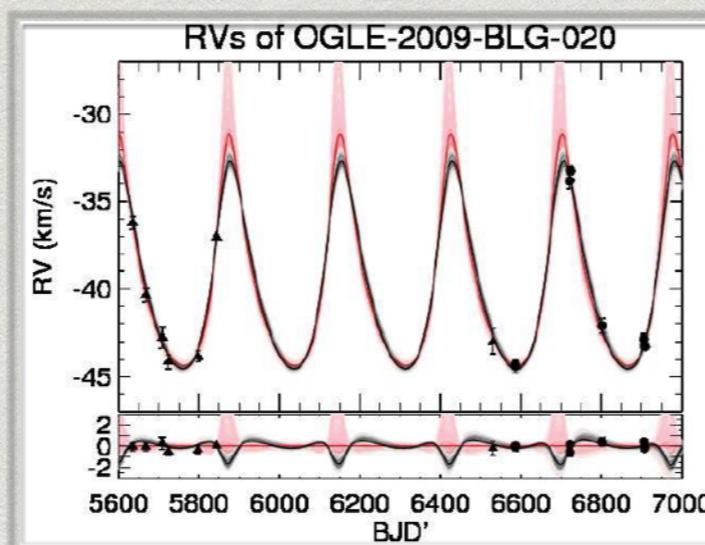
- * Bright component is most probably not the light from the lens
- The lens is not detectable

Conclusion

We don't confirm the Gould et al. prediction

- * Bright component is most probably not the light from the lens
 - The lens is not detectable
- * Recently same method on a different target

Yee et al. arXiv:1506.01441

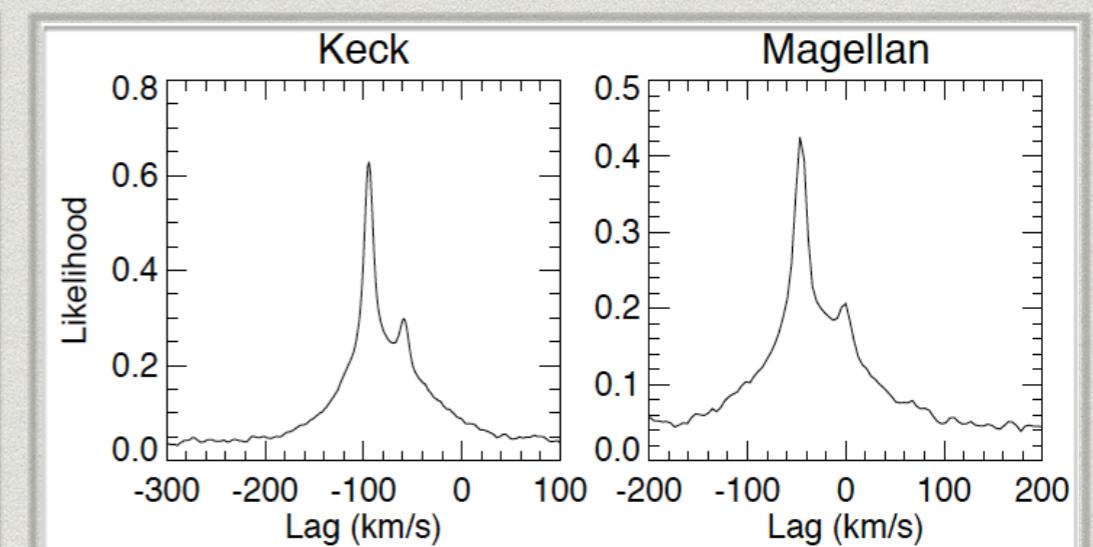
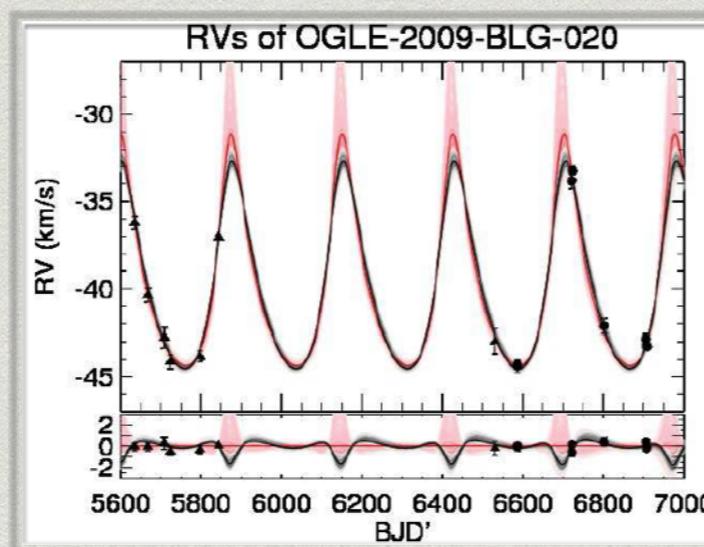


Conclusion

We don't confirm the Gould et al. prediction

- * Bright component is most probably not the light from the lens
 - The lens is not detectable
- * Recently same method on a different target

Yee et al. arXiv:1506.01441



Spectroscopic follow-up observations of microlensing event is possible